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COMPUTIST

Jeff Hurlburt **Dave Goforth** Reviews **BBS**

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Readers Data EXchange

New COMPUTIST readers using Apple IIs are advised to read this page carefully to avoid frustration when attempting to follow a softkey or entering the programs printed in this issue.

What is a softkey, anyway?

Softkey is a term which we coined to describe a procedure that removes, or at least circumvents, any copy-protection on a particular disk. Once a softkey procedure has been performed, the resulting backup copy can usually be copied by the normal copy programs (for example: COPYA, on the DOS 3.3 System Master disk).

Commands and control keys

Commands which a reader is required to perform are set apart by being in boldface and on a separate line. The return key must be pressed at the end of every such command unless otherwise specified. Control characters are preceded by "ctrl". An example of both is:

Type 6. Next, place one finger on the ctrl key and then press P. Don't forget to press the return

Other special combination keypresses include ctrl reset and open-apple ctrl reset. In the former, press and hold down the ctrl key then press the reset key. In the latter, press and hold down both ctrl and open-apple then press reset.

Software recommendations

The Starter Kit contains most of the programs that you need to "Get started". In addition, we recommend that you acquire the following:

- Applesoft program editor such as "Global Program Line Editor (GPLE)".
- ·Assembler such as "Merlin/Big Mac".
- •Bit-copy program such as "Copy II Plus", "Locksmith" or "Essential Data Duplicator".
- •Word-processor (such as AppleWorks). •"COPYA", "FID" and "MUFFIN" from the
- DOS 3.3 System Master disk.

Super IOB and Controllers

This powerful deprotection utility (in the COMPUTIST Starter Kit) and its various Controllers are used in many softkeys. (It is also on each Super IOB Collection disk.)

Reset into the Monitor

Softkeys occasionally require the user to stop the execution of a copy-protected program and directly enter the Apple's system monitor. Check the following list to see what hardware you will need to obtain this ability.

Laser 128: Your ROM includes a forced jump to the monitor. Press ctrl return reset.

Apple II+, //e, compatibles: 1) Place an Integer BASIC ROM card in one of the Apple slots. 2) Use a non-maskable interrupt (NMI) card such as Replay or Wildcard.

Apple II+, compatibles: 1) Install an F8 ROM with a modified reset-vector on the computer's motherboard as detailed in the "Modified ROM's" article (COMPUTIST #6 or Book Of Softkeys III) or the "Dual ROM's" article (COM-PUTIST #19).

Apple //e, //c: Install a modified CD ROM on the computer's motherboard that changes the open-apple ctrl reset vector to point to the monitor. (This will void an Apple I/c warranty since you must open the case to install it.)

Apple //gs: If you have the 2.x ROM, there is a hidden Classic Desk Accessory (CDA) that allows you to enter the monitor. In order to install the new CDA, you should enter the monitor (CALL -151) before running any protected programs and press # return . This will turn on two hidden CDAs, Memory Peeker and Visit Monitor. Thereafter press openapple ctrl esc to go to the Desk Accessories menu. Select Visit Monitor and there you are. Use ctrl Y to exit.

Recommended literature

- •Apple II Reference Manual (or IIe, IIc, etc.) •DOS 3.3 & ProDOS manual
- ·Beneath Apple DOS & Beneath Apple Pro-DOS, by Don Worth and Pieter Lechner, from Quality Software

Typing Applesoft programs

BASIC programs are printed in a format that is designed to minimize errors for readers who key in these programs. If you type:

10HOME: REMCLEAR SCREEN

The LIST will look like:

HOME : REM CLEAR SCREEN

Applesoft inserts spaces into a program listing before and after every command word or mathematical operator. These spaces don't pose a problem except when they are inside of quotes or after a DATA command. There are two types of spaces: those that have to be keyed and those that don't. Spaces that must be typed appear in COMPUTIST as special characters (\$\dagger\$). All other spaces are there for easier reading.

NOTE: If you want your checksums to match, only type spaces within quotes or after DATA statements if they are shown as (0) charactors. SAVE the program at periodic intervals using the name given in the article. All characters after a REM are not checked by the checksum program so typing them is optional.

Typing Hexdumps

Machine language programs are printed in COMPUTIST as hexdumps, sometimes also as

Hexdumps are the shortest and easiest format to type in. You must first enter the monitor: **CALL** -151

Key in the hexdump exactly as it appears in the magazine, ignoring the four-digit checksum (\$ and four digits) at the end of each line. When finished, return to BASIC with:

BSAVE the program with the filename, address and length parameters given in the article.

Typing Source Code

The source code is printed to help explain a program's operation. To enter it, you need an "Assembler". Most of the source code in older issues is in S-C Assembler format. If you use a different assembler, you will have to translate portions of the source code into something your assembler will understand.

Computing checksums

Checksums are 4-digit hexadecimal numbers which tell if you typed a program correctly and help you locate any errors. There are two types of checksums: one created by the CHECKBIN program (for machine language programs) and the other created by the CHECKSOFT program (for BASIC programs). Both are on the "Starter Kit".

If your checksums do not match the published checksums then the line where the first checksum differs is incorrect.

CHECKSOFT instructions: Install Checksoft (BRUN CHECKSOFT) then LOAD your program. Press & to get the checksums. Correct the program line where the checksums first dif-

CHECKBIN instructions: Enter the monitor (CALL-151), install Checkbin at some out of the way place (BRUN CHECKBIN, A\$6000), and then LOAD your program. Get the checksums by typing the Starting address, a period and the Ending address of the file followed by a ctrl Y. SSSS.EEEE ctrl Y

Correct the lines where the checksums differ.

Writing to the RDEX editor

RDEX (are-decks) stands for: Reader's Data EXchange. We print what you write. When you send in articles, softkeys, APTs, etc., you are submitting them for free publication in this magazine. RDEX does not purchase submissions nor do we verify data submitted by readers. If you discover any errors, please let us know so that we may inform our other readers.

Remember that your letters or parts of them may be used in RDEX even if not addressed to the RDEX editor. Correspondence that gets published may be edited for clarity, grammar and space requirements.

Because of the great number of letters we receive and the ephemeral and unpredictable appearance of our volunteer staff, any response to your queries will appear only in RDEX, so it would be more appropriate for you to present technical questions to the readers and ask for their responses which will then be placed in the Apple-RDEX.

How to get a free library disk

Whenever possible, send everything on Apple format (5.25" - DOS/ProDOS or 3.5" - Pro-DOS) or IBM format (3.5") disks. Other formats are acceptable but there may be some delay as we look for someone to translate it for us. (If you use a 5.25" disk, when we print your letter, we will return your disk with the current library disk copied onto it.) Use whatever text editor you like, but tell us which one. Put a label on the disk with your name (or pseudonym) and address (if you want to receive mail). Don't reformat any programs or include them in the text of your letter. Send Applesoft programs as normal Applesoft files and machine language programs as normal binary files. We have programs to convert them to the proper format for printing. If you are

sending source code files, and you are not using the S-C Assembler, send them as normal text

When to include a printed letter

Don't include hardcopy (printout) unless:

- a. You are writing about a bug or other printing
- b. You are writing to ask for help.
- c. You are answering another readers help re-
- d. You are writing about your subscription or sending an order for back issues or software.

Bugs, requests for help and answers to requests for help are bumped to the head of the line and go in the very next issue. All other letters are printed in the order that we receive them.

Writing to get help

When writing to request help, be sure to include ALL relevent information. The more information you include, the easier it is to find a solution. There's an old saying that goes "A properly framed question includes 90% of the answer".

How to get mail

If you are interested in receiving mail from other readers, be sure that we have a current address. If you use a pen name and want to receive mail, we need to have your address. Our readers privacy is important, so we will not print your address unless you specifically say too.

How to write to RDEX authors

When writing to one of the RDEX authors. Write your letter and seal it in an envelope. Put your return address, the authors name (as it appears in RDEX) and the correct postage on the envelope. Put this envelope into another and send it to RDEX. We will put the correct address on your letter and mail it for you. Check to the right of the authors name to see if the author is writing from a foreign country and include the proper postage.

Help Line

These readers have volunteered their time to help you. Please call only within the given time frames (corrected for your time zone). No collect

Jack Nissel (Disk Protection, 7-10PM EST) (215) 365-8160

The BBS (Bulletin Board System)

Dave Goforth is the sysop for the Computist BBS. The number is: (206) 581-9292. If you already have a User ID# and password, sign-on using the User ID#. If you are a new user, it may take a day or so to validate your new ID# and

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Our editorial policy is that we do NOT condone software piracy, but we do believe that users are entitled to backup commercial disks they have purchased. In addition to the security of a backup disk, the removal of copy-protection gives the user the option of modifying programs to meet his or her needs. Furthermore, the copyright laws guarantee your right to such a DEPROTECTED backup copy:

- ..."It is not an infringement for the owner of a copy of a computer program to make or authorize the making of another copy or adaptation of that computer program provided:
- 1) that such a new copy or adaptation is created as an essential step in the utilization of the computer program in conjunction with a machine and that it is used in no other manner, or
- 2) that such new copy or adaptation is for archival purposes only and that all archival copies are destroyed in the event that continued possession of the computer program should cease to be

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United States Code title 17, §117

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Editorial Notes:

I just got back from vacation. Guess you noticed? I wasn't planning to take any time off this summer but something special came up and I couldn't pass on it. So anyway, we're back on track.

Inside this issue you'll find some notes on the NEW System 6.0 for the IIgs that are purported to be more than just rumors.

Also, I worked up a memory map for the IIe as the centerspread for this issue. Take a look and see what you think. Let me know if you find any errors or if you think something should be added. I haven't received any suggestions about what you would like to see on future centerfolds. So think about it and write me sometime.

Complaints \$1.50

I received a nasty note recently from a reader who moved and missed an issue. I sent him a card that said that the Post Office had notified me of his new address and that I would replace his most recent issue if he would send me \$1.50 for the postage. He was indignant and stated, in very colorful language, that he had already paid for that issue and didn't intend to pay again. Oops! We obviously have a misunderstanding here. Unless you have a First Class subscription (he didn't), the Post Office will not automatically forward your issue. You must tell them to forward your 3rd Class mail! If you don't do this then they will destroy your issue and send me your new address. They charge me 35¢ for this service. Now let's figure this out.

USPS address notice	.35
postage for postcard to let you know about your issue	
First Class postage for a replacement issue	.98
Envelope	.18

Not counting the cost of the second issue or the time it takes to process and pack your order, that comes to \$1.70.... Thanks for complaining! I forgot to upgrade the charge for replacement issues to include the new postage. Guess I'll have to change the postcard to say "We'll send you a replacement issue for \$2.00".

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Five-Star Forecast

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The PRODUCT MONITOR

RATINGS

Superb ****

Excellent ***

Very Good **

Good **

Fair *

Poor ©

Bad ©©

Defective •*

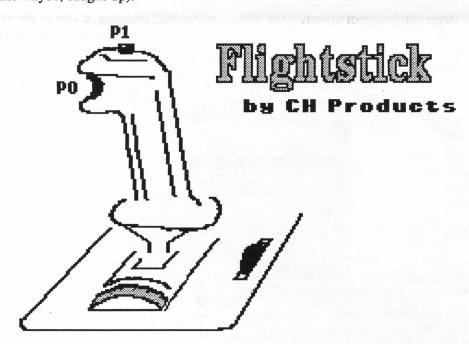
Vacation Time

Evidently, some weirdo has programmed a bank of Crays to crank out reams of quality software soley for the purpose of burying reviewers alive. Well, she can forget it! 'The stack' SHALL be reduced. Meanwhile, I have a really neat suggestion for software/hardware developers and vendors (and the weirdo). Hey, it's the good old summertime! Why not take off a couple months, see the world, visit software shops, play computer games... . When you get back, Computist will be here, ready to go (and, just maybe, caught-up).

Boasting a flat-black pistol grip handle firmly seated atop a large-footprint 'computer white' base, FlightStick has changed little in the two years since my last (Apple II version) PM review. Why should it? The click-action red trigger (STRIG 0) and top-of-stick button (STRIG 4) are just where they belong. The large, full-wrap handle fits like a glove. Set in a heavy-duty gimbel mounting, it drives an oversize slotted bands mechanism to assure many glitch-free replays on even the roughest stick-slamming arcades. The 'feel' is the industry standard: smooth, with NO center bottoming, and at the right tension with just enough 'bump' at axis crossings for good feedback. Placed just left of the handle, the thumbwheel "throttle" IS new. For games offering this option, the output is to your game port's Joystick 2 vertical input.

FlightStick remains one of the few console-style units to forego optional suction cup feet. I tried the stick on various surfaces at different heights—even as a sit-away lap unit. Button/trigger placement, handle size and angle, the large base, and (considering handle size) moderate tension... all work to make the unit at home just about anywhere. CH doesn't offer suction cup feet because FlightStick doesn't need them.

The test specs, of course, are unbelievable. I used the Electronic Arts Joystick Tuner utility (included with some EA products) to obtain the "Useful Range" and "Centering Error" samples. First, "CE": There wasn't much room for argument; on FlightStick, "Centering Error" doesn't exist. However much



FlightStick ***

Joystick for PC (Apple II series version available)

\$44 (approx. retail)

CH Products

Size: 6.5"W x 5.9"D x 1.7"H x 5.75" Handle

Centering Tension: approx. 170 gm. Handedness: none (Right, if using throttle)

Centering Error: none H, 0.01%V Centering Defeat: none

Movement Range (Horiz. sample): 50 degrees

Useful Range (Horiz. sample): 45 degrees

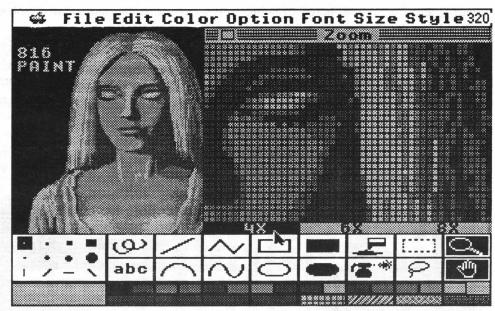
Centering Adjust: two top-of-case thumbwheels

Connector: PC DIN

Case Access: four screws (remove feet)

you shove around the handle, when you're at center, you get at-center outputs. On a spring-tensioned stick with standard pot elements, THAT isn't supposed to happen! Only pressure-sensor sticks are supposed to deliver zero CE (at the price of rather high tensions and a somewhat mushy feel).

"Useful Range" sampling proved to be another "say what? that can't be!" situation. The EA tuner showed smooth output changes over the entire 50-degree handle movement swing. That is, if a program wants reliable full-swing control, the CH unit can supply it. What about some standard measure of useful range? Since BASIC has built-in 'ideas' about X and Y endpoints, I hopped to Microsoft's "Quick BASIC", wrote a short output-display program, and, with a freshly EA-tuned stick, gave "Useful Range" another try. The nearly-fullswing 45-degree result is the one shown above. More? How about a true 'perfect square' response pattern?! At X-min or



X-max, X varies less than 1% while you vary Y over its entire vertical range. The same holds at Y extremes for X swings.

Translation: If "at-center" means your spacecraft is flying straight and level, then that's what it will mean after a hard-turn evasion maneuver; if you need to cross-hair an incoming heat-seeker FAST, you've got plenty of glitch-free precision. In short, whatever your game, FlightStick has the reliability, accuracy, and precision to get the job done.

Naturally, as per S.O.P., I zeroed-in on possible weaknesses. Placing the throttle wheel to the handle's left clearly leaves left-handers with less than optimal on-case throttling. Still, WHAT is the control doing on the case in the first place? Few games use it; and many which might will also have to place "Throttle" on the keyboard along with many other (view, arming, targeting, weapons select, etc.) controls. When your non-stick hand has to sit on the keyboard anyway, what good is a casemounted control? Mainly, I suspect, it's there so you can say "Sure, my stick has a throttle control."

Sooner or later you will want to spray some control cleaner into the pots; having to remove the stick-on feet is inconvenient. FlightStick's 7-foot cable is fairly supple; but it could be more so. The plug's fastener bolts need a bit more play as well. On our game port, both did not line up precisely with posts on either side of the socket; so, only one could be turned-in. Leaving the case free of painted logos and stick-ons is smart—there's nothing to wear off or peel—but what about more COLOR?! Perhaps a sky blue, day-glo green, etc. option would be a good idea. Then, again; maybe not. After much thought, I have to admit that CH Products' somewhat stodgy blackand-white motif 'fits' most computer color schemes; AND 'the big black stick on the large off-white case' has become a kind of quality trademark.

To prevail in Sierra's "Stellar 7", US Gold's new "Soccer", Spectrum's "Stunt Driver", ... do you absolutely need the kind of durability and test numbers one expects to find on the typical Space Shuttle console? Probably, notat least, not often. Beyond some point, super specs become, chiefly, a guarantee of exceptional quality; software designers can't very well afford to produce games playable by owners of just one particular stick model. If, however, you want the unmatched feel and looks of the #1 joystick, you will just have to live with over-designed ruggedness and published parms that friends will insist prove you've got an unfair advantage. You may never really need the 'FlightStick edge'; but, it's kind of nice to havejust in case!

Painters/IIgs

Okay, guys, THIS is a mouse ('click', 'click'). THIS is a computer screen ('tap', 'tap'). A mouse is not a pencil or a brush. A computer screen is not a sheet of paper. A super-res computer "painter" utility is not, mainly, for painting!

Painter boxes always seem to come plastered with beautiful pictures of tigers, temples, and flowers; so, it's no wonder that everyone thinks everyone else is creating piles of artwork. Well, I have yet to see anyone produce a high quality portrait or scene from scratch using a painter utility. Why bother to master mouse-drawing when it's so easy to transfer-in digitized images? Most users, including those with genuine artistic talent, depend upon computer painters for A. relatively simple original drawings; B. cutting, pasting, moving around, and otherwise processing graphics.

Once you dump the notion that your mouse is supposed to be a paintbrush, deciding what a painter utility SHOULD do well is much easier. Since you want to harness computer 'smarts' for doing anything and everything to graphic items, a good place to start is the utility's tools; generally: the more the better. As the '90's opened, IIgs users could choose from among four major tool-rich painters:

Paintworks Gold (Activision/Mediagenic) ★★

Deluxe Paint II (Electronic Arts) ★★
Graphics Studio (Accolade) ★
816 Paint (Baudville) ★★

Each offers the 'standard' set of drawing functions (e.g. freehand, lines, brushes, filled/unfilled shapes) along with magnify, rotates, cut & paste, color editing, multiple text fonts, etc.. "Paintworks" and "Deluxe Paint" add powerful perspective and masking commands; and, overall, are the more 'feature-loaded' painters. "Graphics Studio" suffers from an odd tool arrangement but does permit loading-in pictures on top of existing graphics at the current screen position on the 'page'. (The IIgs screen is 200 scanlines or "dots" from top to bottom. A painter "page" is a scrollable two-screen workspace which, if printed, fills a standard 8.5" x 11" sheet. GS and DP offer 400-line pages; the PWG page is 396 lines, and 816 has a 378-line page.)

Of the four products, only "Paintworks" allows instant switching between 320 and 640 modes with no need to save and reload the current graphic. A notable "Paintworks" deficit is that the user can not view any part of the current picture while editing palette colors. In 640 mode, none of the four products offers both dithered colors (for 16-color

work) and true non-dithered drawing (for higher detail).

Given the way major utilities divvyup most-wanted features, serious graphics work on the IIgs has inevitably required access to at least two painters. Even owners of two, three, or all four packages often add a powerful nonpainter utility from Roger Wagner:

est super-res painter more than doubles your graphics landscape!

Each window represents a separately loadable/savable 320 or 640 x 400 'page' complete with its own palette, sixteen patterns, and optional mask. Thanks to a compact tool bar and 'pull-out' color/ pattern palettes, you can retain the convenience of clickable functions with a large portion of any page in view. A

es only 'full size' files (\$2000/\$4000length) as valid Hires/Double-hires pictures. (See "Real World Platinum", later on, for a 'working fix' to allow importing common \$1FF8/\$3FF8-length Hires/ Double-hires files.) All PP saves are super-res. It can save screens as standard unpacked \$C1 files. Full-page workspaces and individual brushes save as Apple Preferred packed files.

Like designers of earlier painters, the Beagleans have chosen, so far, to settle for single-resolution, single-palette displays. (I have seen a few small-vendor and experimental utilities which let users mix 320 and 640 modes and/or switch among different palettes on a line-byline basis. None, however, would qualify as a ready-for-market, full-featured painter.) You can, however, quickly switch between 320 and 640 modes without having to reload any workspace; AND (via a "Dither Lock" option) select either dithered or non-dithered drawing in 640 mode.

To 'keep it simple', PP is fairly consistent about enforcing two easily grasped window working conventions. First: "What you see is where you work." If you've 'selected' (via the marquee or lasso tool) a big figure and do a normal paste onto a small window, only the part of the figure that 'fits' window limits gets pasted. Similarly, fills can affect only the part of the page you see in the window.

The second convention is more general. Putting it economically: betweenwindow operations "work the way you expect them to". For instance, once an area or item is selected and in your grasp, you are free to let go in order to select, move (scroll, resize, etc.) the target window prior to pasting the selec-

filled shapes, color smearing and other brush 'effects', gradient fills, patterns, color AND area selection of mask colors (for EACH window), ...; as a rule, if your 'old' painter does it, so does PP. There IS one notable exception: practically all of the older painters offer a better Magnify function. PP's "Fat Bits" is limited to x4 power and uses a pointer to select the center of an area to be magnified. It SHOULD offer x2-x8 powers and a moving-box selector.

Most PP tools at least match the competition and several have been enhanced. For color editing, you have a scrollable view of the currently selected workspace and slidebar controls. For more precise settings, you have a full-screen color-scale map. Color cycling and fills are controllable by one of four independent Fill/Range settings (selected by clicking I-IV on the bottom of the Toolbar). For example, Range I can be set so that Fill will treat several selected colors as fillable. That the Text tool automatically sets a loaded font to currently selected size and attributes rates as a 'toss-up'. Sometimes you will appreciate not having to remember the last-used font's settings; sometimes you will wish PP would, automatically, pick one of the new font's preferred sizes. On PP, a CR 'sets' each text line entry. This makes it easy to make color and font changes on a line-by-line basis.

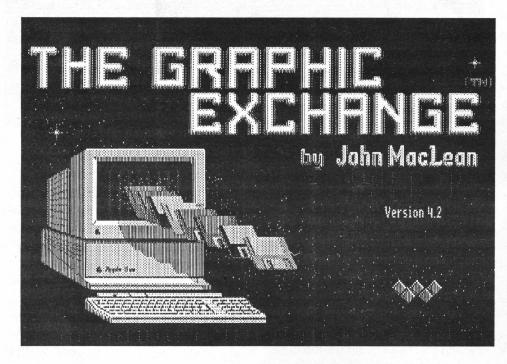
As one might deduce from the version number, getting a multi-window, feature-loaded painter utility 'up to snuff' takes a bit of doing. Version 1.0.5 fixes the most objectionable bugs—e.g. Print functions work—but PP is not yet altogether free of bugs and quirks. I've already discussed Import's file-recognition bug; probably, it's the single worst

flaw encountered. Oth-

ers? The program still refuses to let users reach the last few right-most pixels when drawing on a window in 640 mode. (You must switch to full-screen.) When editing palette colors, the eye-dropper picks up the wrong color from your picture. Sometimes, just after setting a mask for a window, you will find that non-masked regions of the workspace (to the right and down)

have become inaccessible. The problem seems to crop up only near the start of a session and appears to relate to a failure to fully initialize a window's workspace. Freeing the offending window's mask (or Filling the background with the background color) reopens the lost areas.

Often, what appears to be a quirk or bug is simply a matter of being unfamiliar with all of PP's features. You really can, for example, edit the custom brush's palette; but, be sure to let go of the brush (e.g. click on the pencil tool) before going to Palette Edit. A Brush file can, as claimed, be loaded as a 'picture'. When it is, however, you will find that your new window has a (memory gobbling) Mask. ... You are not, in short, likely to fully master all of this new painter's powers at a single sitting. On the other hand, a well thought-out Toolbar, explicit menus, and, in general, tools that "work the way they should", ... all make 'getting into' and using a IIgs platinum-class painter an enjoyable experience.



The Graphics Exchange



(\$49.95, 768K IIgs)

Roger Wagner

The problem is formats. Usually, you can expect to access just \$C1 and BIN type unpacked screen files and Apple Preferred packed pages. TGE not only lets you convert from just about any Apple graphic to (among other formats) a loadable 320 or 640 mode super-res file. It also permits down-sizing, expanding, and cropping PLUS capabilities for placing multiple imports on a single screen.

Being able to 'bring in anything' turns out to be a very desirable painter feature. A utility that can 'work on lots of different stuff' (e.g. hires, double-hires, and super-res) is much more useful than one which can't. This explains why I went to the trouble of moving "816 Paint"'s files to GSOS. (Actually, it's not all that much trouble. Just be sure to put "816""'s PRINTERS folder in the GSOS SYS-TEM folder.) The Baudville product is a collection of four separate painters (hires through 640 mode super-res) PLUS a format conversion utility. By the time Beagle's new painter arrived, I was only mildly surprised to discover that "816 Paint" had become established as my usual choice' for graphics work

Platinum Paint 1.0.5



\$99.95 for 1MB Hgs (1.25MB and two drives recommended)

Beagle Bros

Competition for the "#1 IIgs Painter" spot was still fairly tight when, 'from nowhere' Beagle swooped down and changed the rules. The much-touted Spare Page offered by other packages is just a handy Platinum Paint option. Naturally! Accessing up to four scrollable, resizable, movable windows right there on the desktop PLUS a Spare Page (swap-able with any window), the newwindow can also be viewed full-screen (without tool bars, etc.) and worked upon using KB-selectable tools. (Note: for KB access to all tool functions the Option key must be uncommitted; this means you must have set "Alphabet Translation" in the GSOS Control Panel to "None".)

A couple of years of working with and among several painters plus TGE has driven home at least one lesson: real painter "power" depends upon ready access to graphics material. With PP's four independent pages

plus a Spare, you can maintain several clip art screens 'at the ready' and still have quick access to other imports plus alternate versions of the current workspace. Since access is via windows (instead of simply adding Spares), selected parts of up to four pages can be viewed simultaneously— and THAT makes a world of difference! So much of computer graphics work

involves deciding 'where to put how much of what' that it now seems absurd to try anything serious without windows! Calculating the Beagle painter's "landscape" gain is easy: $5/2 \longrightarrow x 2.5$; the actual "power" gain is much greater.

The other side of the 'graphics access coin' is format variety. PP accepts super-res screen and page files produced by the other painters, including "Paintworks" Paint and Animation files. Super-res stuff comes in via the usual OS Load procedure. Each Load opens a new window. Since the Beagle painter is, now, exclusively GSOS 5.04-based, users automatically acquire the operating conveniences (e.g. the Volume button) of the new OS.

Acceptable non-super-res formats include Hires, Double-hires, MacPaint, and Print Shop. Each of these comes in as an "Import" overlay to some existing window— you decide where, on the 400-line page, to place the overlay. Due to a bug which appears to reside in an 'OS tool, the painter currently recogniz-

tion. You may also force a "selection" to fit the target window's current dimensions (or, in fact, any pre-defined area); AND, if source and target palettes differ, have PP adjust ("remap") the selection OR target palette to minimize color

At any given moment, the program allows you to have, in effect, two brushes. One is the current selection; the other is the current "brush". Via a tool bar pull-out, PP offers the usual collection of circular, square, and line brush shapes in several sizes. Besides the latter, your "brush" brush may also be a Brushified selection or loaded-in via a Brush file. Most of PP's numerous shaping, sizing, rotation, perspective, shadowing, mirror, coloring, ... commands treat the current selection and the current brush exactly the same.

When PP's designers were haggling over which tools to include, the Big Beagle happened to walk in. BB pointed to the four major-vendor packages on the table and said: "Those". Filled-un-



COMPUTIST #81

Lots of nice things happen when your product 'changes the rules'; mainly, everyone else is caught flat-footed. Yes; Beagle's platinum wonder is quirky enough to merit a few more polishings (e.g. versions 1.0.6... 1.0.7). The Import and color edit bugs NEED fixing; and, it would be nice to have a way to get sequential window Printouts uninterrupted by form feeds. Rating as 'just fair', documentation needs more examples, more depth, better indexing, and certainly a separate Commands Card. ... It's really true: the more you get, the more you want! Opening IIgs painting to the 'world of windows' is bound to generate piles of feature 'wish lists'. For now, Platinum Paint is already so far beyond the competition that there's just no contest!

Links: The Challenge of Golf

\$59.95 for VGA 640K PC (10MHz min. recommended)

Access Software

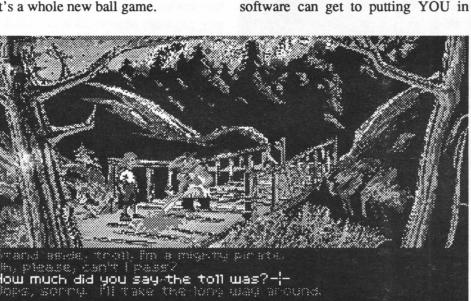
The box-back says: "So realistic, you'll think you're there!" NOT too far off. 256-color VGA and good AdLib/SB effects get things going; but the real 'secret' is attention to detail. You are ON the carefully contoured fairways and greens; the roughs look rough indeed; and, when you catch the edge of a trap, the sand gets in your sneakers. For 1-8 human players, Links goes beyond the usual 'Beginner...Pro' setup options to include adjustable stance/swing parms and pre-recorded custom "special swings".

Lie, wind direction, distance to pin,... all appear in a compact control panel beneath a large on-course view. The 'C'-shaped power bar works much like those in other golfs; and you will find the expected pre-tee-off overviews, scorecard displays, and practice facilities. The latter have special significance because, unlike other golf sims, the Access version supplies no fixed numbers for putter distance. Instead, you go to the Chipping & Putting practice green to master these shots. Aside from being good fun in itself, the practice actually works! Substituting 'feel' and skill for putter numbers is a good idea. Except for offering an optional grid overlay on the greens, Links' offers no special putting display. Given available detail, it doesn't need to.

The 10 MHz minimum speed recommendation is for-real. On the typical (12-16MHZ) '286 machine, you can expect full-screen updates to run a little below 10 seconds. This assumes you have an extra half meg or so of RAM to take advantage of the program's caching options AND that Drawing Detail is set no higher than Med/Med/Min or Max/Med/Min (foreground to background). Most users, in short, can count upon beautiful displays (a bit short of Max detail) at the cost of tolerable update delays.

Supplied with manual on five 5.25" diskettes (3.5" available), the newest PC golf includes one course, Torrey Pines, but no Course Designer. While Torrey, especially at Pro skill settings, is good for many challenging hours, (and, I have seen one additional course) a designer utility would be a solid plus. Links'

could also do with a hefty dose of 'Sports Hype'. Hole fly-throughs, famous player advice inserts, and TV-style shot coverage won't shave a single stroke off your game; but they do add to the fun. Despite these slip-ups, when it comes to realistic on-the-course action AND fun, the Access product is clearly the choice. Offering play ranging from "easy", for children, through demanding Pro levels, 'The Challenge' rewrites golf simulation standards. Once you boot Links', it's a whole new ball game.



Fast Frames, Updates, Etc.

Note: "AdLib/SB" means a product (for PC) supports the AdLib and Sound Blaster sound boards. "/Roland" may be added to indicate support for Roland LAPC-1 and compatibles.

The Secret of Monkey Island

Why should a fine young lad like Guybrush Threepwood (you) want to be a pirate? Well, for one thing, its the most popular occupation on Melee' Island. For another, it looks like fun! In Lucasfilm's spectacular new adventure (\$69.95, for VGA PC), your quest for piratehood starts at the village tavern with three tests set by the Pirate Chiefs. You must Master the Sword, Steal an Idol, and Find the Treasure of Melee' Island. Alas, while stealing the idol from the governor's mansion, you meet Governor Marley—and SHE is a real cutie! Naturally, when your true-love-as-soonas-you-become-a-real-pirate is kidnapped by a renegade ghost buccaneer charge of your own pirate movie. There is an optional Hintbook (\$12.95); but, the game supplies ample clues and everything fits so well that reasonably experienced adventurers won't need extra help. Barrels of fun and a great way to show off your PC, 'Monkey Island's AdLib/SB/Roland music grabs you, and the scenario doesn't let go. Expect a masterpiece!

named LeChuck, you have no choice

but to collect a crew, grab a ship, and set

sail for LeChuck's base on mysterious

track and 256-color animated artwork

of Lucasfilm's "Loom", wrap it around

a clever, long-play adventure, and make

sure you've got user-friendly clickable

commands: THAT is The Secret of

Monkey Island. For practical purpos-

es, this must be as close as entertainment

Take the motion picture-like sound-

Monkey Island.

Real Treasure Map!

In the process of wending my way through the Melee' Island woods to The Treasure, I happened to produce a genuine, guaranteed map. Just follow a route to the Treasure and you're one step closer to rescuing Governor Marley and cracking The Secret of Monkey Island!

Earthrise ★★★

The popular 'trouble shooter on a monster-infested space station' theme gets another run in Interstel's new for-PC adventure (\$49.95). This time a rocket-powered asteroid destined for near-

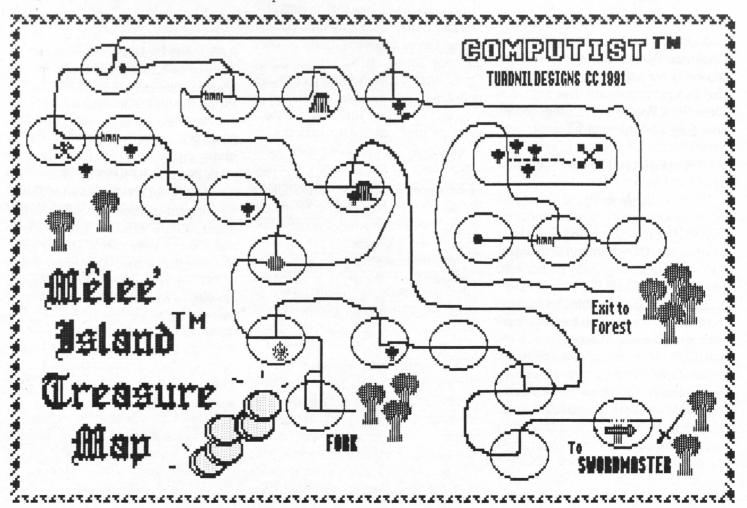
Earth mining has run amuck. Station personnel, after logging several complaints about hostile intelligent life forms seeming to come "out of the rock", no longer answer; so, you are dispatched to 'shoot the trouble' before IT 'mines' a very large chunk of Earth. Partially-animated, colorful EGA screens, old-PC sound, and decent parsing complement a well-developed walk-around-and-do-things picture-text scenario. From touch-down to near-orbit earth-rise expect a solid monsters & mystery puzzle-busting challenge.

Math Plus ★★★★

First, the lumber clerk called up an inventory program on the store's terminal to check the price of my boards; THEN he whipped out a \$5 calculator, punched-in some numbers, did some quick figuring on the back of an invoice, and (finally) entered the result on the terminal! Too bad he didn't have something like Math Plus! (\$69.95) Aimed chiefly at contractors, job costers, and others in the construction/maintenance trades, Racine Technology's new TSR utility delivers standard and advanced math calculations (e.g. trig) w/wo units, unit conversions, and fifty memory locations of storage. Just pressing the hotkey pops up the calculator insert over "Lotus" or other text-mode application. You do your calculations; and, if you wish, press another key to enter the result directly into the spreadsheet! To eliminate pencil and paper scribbling, Math' lets you tag results with labels and even get an audit trail printout. Supplied with tutorial and directions card, Math Plus can multiply the power of spreadsheet and accounting software faster than you can say "Hey Bo, where's that dam calculator!"

Rotox *

"Survive and you will build yourself into a lethal fighting machine. Fail and your soul will wander the galaxy forever." Now, that's what I call incentive! Regrettably, in constructing this attractive ten-level arcade challenge, someone at U.S. Gold forgot to plug in the joystick interface. Using the Q, A, O, P, and SPC keys, to handle four-quadrant movement and 'fire', you CAN manage to pot many of the monsters and traverse



some obstacles. You can; but it's more work and less fun than it should be. Rotox (\$39.95, for CGA-VGA PC) NEEDS joystick control. It also needs more sound SOCK than old-PC crack and ftzzp effects can deliver plus, of course, a Save Game option. That, even so, the game rates a star shows just how good Rotox could be.

tion error into **Platinum Paint**. Evidently, the bug is in GSOS's "Standard Files Tool" (a set of functions also known as "TOOL023"). This would, in part, explain why the error persists. I say "in part" because, after all, it HAS been five (5!) releases. People are starting to talk: "What's wrong with Beagle Bros? Have they lost their touch?!" (See! That's



Wizardry: Bane of the Cosmic Forge ★★★ R

Sir-Tech has come through! The promised mouse and AdLib/SB upgrade of the latest **Wizardry**' is ready at last. Look for boxes with a silver label listing the new features. (\$59.95 for CGA-VGA 640K PC)

DOS 5

It's still too early to rate Microsoft's latest PC DOS update. However, after a couple of month's experience with a beta DOS 5.0, I can say one thing for sure: If you want to run those BIG memory-hungry applications without the bother of bare-bones DOS boots, get DOS 5!

Real World Platinum

Beagle Bros's Platinum Paint is one of those special products that users simply 'latch onto'. Like "Copy II Plus" and "AppleWorks", it seems assured of a long run of updates, enhancements, and add-ons. This month I won't suggest any changes to the program itself. Instead, the aim is to make the surrounding 'environment' work better for the everyday 'real world' user.

I. Import Whatever

As observed in the review, one of **Platinum Paint**'s star features— the capability for importing hires and double-hires pictures— still does not work correctly. **PP** version 1.0.5 will recognize only \$2000-length hires pics and \$4000-length DHR pics. It SHOULD also accept the much more common \$1FF8 and \$3FF8 sizes.

What to do? Clearly, if one must worry about re-sizing most hires or DHR picture imports, the Import feature isn't worth much. Once you decide to put up with 'pre-processing', why bother with Import at all? Baudville's "816 Paint" utilities and "The Graphics Exchange" from Roger Wagner can handle superres conversions for ALL unpacked hires and DHR files. Either is a better approach than a 'maybe/ maybe not' Import option or fussing with file stretching tricks. To 'work' in the Real World, Platinum Paint must be able to deal with each import 'as is'.

The Beagle people did not, as far as I can tell, program the file non-recogni-

what happens when you let someone else dictate a "correct" way for your program to function.) It's time for the Head Beagle to step in, toss Apple's Standard File guidelines into the can, and order a fix.

Meanwhile, I've come up with a onebyte 'Import Whatever' patch that lets **Platinum Paint** bring in all hires and DHR pics. Just start Glen Bredon's "Block Warden" or other utility with a 'Follow File' editing function. Make the following change to byte \$006 in Block 10 (i.e. the tenth block in the file) of TOOL023 found in GSOS 5.04 SYS-TEM/TOOLS:

The surrounding code is shown in case you wish to do a 'search and change' using Copy II Plus's Sector Editor. I found the code in diskette Block \$3FB.

What 'Import Whatever' does is allow you to trick GSOS's Import function. GSOS Import works and looks very much like the familiar Open function. When selected, Importupdates and displays its list of files for the currently selected folder. Changing disk volume and/or folder produces fresh updates and new lists, just like Open. Unlike Open, Import also includes a clickable pull-down 'Format' box for showing/ selecting the Import format (e.g. "Mac-Paint", "Hires", etc.). Also, Import's list of displayed files includes only those which may fit the currently selected format. Changing format leads Import to recheck each file and produce a new list of candidates. The IW patch turns OFF this recheck. With 'Import Whatever' installed, you can change Format "til the cows come home"; but the candidate files will remain the same as when the volume and/or folder was

"So what?" So, now, you can click "Import" and bring in any unpacked hires or DHR pic. The key is "Mac-Paint" format. All sorts of non-"Mac-Paint" files pass the "MacPaint" check, including all of your favorite hires and DHR pics! Just select "MacPaint" format, open a source volume/folder, and switch to "Hires" or "Double-hires".

Before IW, the list would change to show only "standard" \$2000-length (or \$4000-length) "Hires" or "Double-hires" choices. With IW, the list is still the one derived for "MacPaint". Click the file you want to bring in; and, ZOOP!, you've got it!! GSOS Import is completely fooled.

"Yikes! Another BUG!!" True enough. We've sic'ed OUR bug on their bug. 'Import Whatever' trades away some of Import's friendliness in return for expanded capabilities. It is a temporary solution; not the ultimate fix for Platinum Paint users. (If you come up with THE fix, send it to COMPUTIST, get published, and become famous!)

II. Space

Among the more audacious claims Beagle makes for its new painter is the "Required Hardware" statement found on page 3 of the manual. Here you are told that, along with a computer, mouse, monitor, and 1MB RAM, you will need a 3.5" disk drive. The manual neglects to point out that, given separate GSOS and Program diskettes, using the painter is hopelessly cumbersome without a second 3.5" drive. Even this setup requires too much swapping; your Work and/or Source diskettes have to go somewhere. Basically, Platinum Paint 'wants' to run from hard disk. If you've got one, carve out some room for PP and you're set. If not, read on.

The challenge is getting **Platinum Paint** to work smoothly on the typical dual 3.5" drive system. ("Smoothly" means you can load in, work upon, and save graphics with little or no concern about swapping diskettes.) The problem is 'the final frontier'; there just doesn't seem to be enough of it. Or is there?!

For starters, boot the GSOS System Disk included in the Beagle package and format a 3.5" floppy (800K, 2:1 interleave) named "PP.AND.SYS". Copy the System Disk to PP.AND.SYS. Now, on PP.AND.SYS, delete the following:

- All of the files in SYSTEM/CDEVS
 All of the files in SYSTEM/
- All of the files in SYSTEM/ DESK.ACCS
- 3. START in SYSTEM
- 4. MODEM in SYSTEM/DRIVERS
- 5. TOOL025, TOOL026, TOOL034 in SYSTEM/TOOLS
- 6. All of the files in ICONS.

If you copied the Beagle-supplied GSOS 5.04 System Disk, all of the BASIC and ProDOS /8 files should already be deleted. If they're present, delete them. Similarly, in SYSTEM/DRIV-ERS many files should already be missing. You should finish with APPLE-DISK3.5, APPLEDISK5.25, CON-SOLE.DRIVER, IMAGEWRITER, PRINTER, and PRINTER, SETUP in the SYSTEM/DRIVERS folder. If you do not plan to access 5.25" diskettes, delete APPLEDISK5.25. This also eliminates some delay during volumes-online checks. I also dropped FAST-FONT—it is supposed to speed up text drawing-with no obvious bad effects; but, since I'm still experimenting, the file is not included in the scrap list.

In SYSTEM/SYSTEM.SETUP I have not scrapped CDEV.INIT because it uses only 3K; and leaving it alone simplifies restoring all or part of the Control Panel functions (in DESK.ACCS and CDEVS) should you wish to do so. TS2 and TS3 are retained as well. Users of ROM01 IIgs's need the

Tool Setup patching performed by TS2 (41K). ROM03 machine users need TS3 (15K).

At this point you should have freed around 300K on PP.AND.SYS. Insert the Program Disk and copy PLATINUM.PAINT to SYSTEM on PP.AND.SYS. Rename it to START. When created, your Preferences config file uses only .5K. All of which results in a surprising 85K+ of Space!

Trade-offs? PP.AND.SYS is dedicated to **Platinum Paint**; the GSOS Finder and NDA Control Panel access are both gone (along with several drivers, Sound Tool files, BASIC, and ProDOS/8). The painter is your START; so you have no way to Quit to another program either.

You CAN, of course, get back to a less restrictive OS environment by trading away some of your hard-won Space. For instance, you might add program selection capabilities by moving an old ProDOS/16 Launcher (version 2.2 uses only 6K) to SYSTEM and renaming it START. (In which case PLATINUM-.PAINT is copied to the PP.AND.SYS main directory instead of to the SYS-TEM folder.) To expand your launch options, you can put GSOS 5.04's Pro-DOS /8 file, P8, into SYSTEM; and, to control Alphabet "translation", the Control Panel NDA goes back into SYS-TEM/DESK.ACCS and ALPHABET goes back into SYSTEM/CDEVS. Then, there are all of those snazzy fonts you can add; and Truly, Nature AND computists "abhor a vacuum"!

Your PP. AND. SYS diskette will start Beagle's new painter a bit faster than the original two-diskette set. More important, it frees up the second 3.5" drive for loading and saving your graphics creations. For single-drive users, disk fiddling is reduced to a tolerable level—at least, there's only one program/system diskette to keep track of. On a two-drive system, swapping is virtually eliminated.

III. Setup

So far so good. The other side of Space is the IN-side, RAM. To get the most from Platinum Paint on a typical 1.25MB IIgs, the first RAM-saving step is to cut OS memory usage. This means booting GSOS, going to the OS Control Panel, clicking the Memory icon, and making sure that RAM Disk and Cache are set to zero. (New settings go into Battery RAM and take effect upon the next cold start.) Unless you've got 2MB or more RAM, experimentation with cache and RAM Disk sizing is probably a waste of time. Speedier disk access is less important to user convenience than ready availability of painter features. Each open window, custom brush, masks, cut-and-paste "selection", any fonts you load, ... all need RAM. For example, setting a mask for a window uses as much memory (a complete 64K segment) as the window itself.

Note: Why, you may ask, does a mask use so much memory? Good question. At the time a mask is set or changed, any colors 'in the mask' are just for selecting areas are to be protected. Only areas (not specific colors) are 'remembered'. At one bit per pixel, a mask should require 32K bytes for a 640 x 400 'page' (256000/8) and just 16K bytes for one in 320 mode. The explanation appears to be that "It makes for easier programming".

Indeed, while one may point to Platinum Paint as an illustration of what can be accomplished using Toolbox calls; the painter also reveals some weaknesses. At 1.25MB, you CAN access all four windows, the Spare window, and support two masks— all with enough leftover memory to create a custom brush and load-in several fonts. I emphasize "can" because everything depends upon how you set up your workspace. When all windows are opened and masks set before you start to cut and paste, load fonts, etc., then the 'big stuff' is nicely packed together and memory is efficiently managed. On the other hand, should you start by opening one or two windows and doing a lot of work on them (e.g. load-in some fonts, move around picture pieces, ...), then, 'little stuff' gets in the way of subsequent window openings. Memory "fragmentation" can easily whack your space for windows and masks in half! No doubt, sluffing off 64K blocks which become 'contaminated' with font loads and brushes makes life easier for the Memory Manager. If the MM didn't behave like such a klutz—OR, if it were simply fired!—1.25MB could easily guarantee five or six windows with plenty of room for fonts, brushes, and a clipboard.

As for the in-program start-up "Preferences" settings, I experimented with the options and ended up retaining Spare Page and Screen Blanker along with Scroll Bars, Title Bar, and Space Windows. A Spare Page, of course, gobbles 64K; but the additional flexibility it offers is worth the cost. The Shadow Screen option didn't deliver enough extra speed to justify its 32K RAM overhead.

Practically every major productivity package takes a bit of 'fitting in'. On a large-RAM hard disk system, it's no trouble at all getting **Platinum Paint** comfortably ensconced; on the typical floppy-only 'real world' IIgs, it's as easy as I, II, III!

Next

As may have guessed, Platinum Paint absorbed more attention and space than was anticipated last issue. ("Excuses, excuses...") Next time you can, forsure, count on ByteWorks' "Talking Tools", Spectrum's "Stunt Driver", SSI's "Death Knights of Krynn", Data East's "Continuum", Disney's "Mickey's 123's", U.S. Gold's "Soccer", and Sir Tech's "Freakin' Funky Fuzzballs". Likely, there will be more, and, as usual, whatever.

Vendors

Access Software

545 West 500 South, Suite 130 Bountiful, Utah 84010 Attn: Susan Dunn (800-800-4880)

Accolade

550 S. Winchester Blvd., Suite 200 San Jose, CA 95128 Attn: Melinda Mongelluzzo (408-985-

1700) Ad Lib

220 Grand-Allee East, Suite 960 Quebec, QC Canada G1R 2J1 Attn: Jill Carette (800-463-2686)

Baudville

5380 52nd Street SE Grand Rapids, MI 49508 Attn: PR/Mktg. (616-698-0888)

Beagle Bros.

6215 Ferris Square, Suite 100

San Diego, CA 92121 Attn: Bevey Minarovich (800-345-1750)

Brown & Wagh/Sound Blaster 130D Knowles Drive

Los Gatos, CA 95030 Attn: LouAnn Meir (800-451-0900)

CH Products

970 Park Center Drive Vista, CA 92083

Attn: Dan Hayes (619-598-2518)

Electronic Arts

1820 Gateway Drive San Mateo, CA 94404

Attn: Lisa Higgins (415-571-7171/ orders 800-245-4525)

Interstel

P.O. Box 57825 Webster, TX 77598

Attn: Jynn Halten (orders 800-245-4525/713-486-4163)

Ref:Electronic Arts

Lucasfilm Games

P.O. Box 10307

San Rafael, CA 94912 Attn: Sue Sesserman (415-721-3334)

(orders 1-800-STARWARS) dist: EA

Mediagenic/Activision

3885 Bohannon Drive

Menlo Park, CA 94025

Attn: Kelly Zmak (415-322-0260)

Microsoft

1 Microsoft Way

Redmond, WA 98052

Attn: Marilyn McKenna (800-541-1261)

Product Monitor

7814 Santa Elena

Houston, TX 77061

Attn: Jeff Hurlburt (713-645-8680)

Racine Technologies

P.O. Box 477

Alpine, CA 92001

Attn: Marsh Racine (619-445-3692)

Roger Wagner

1050 Pioneer Way, Suite P

El Cajon, CA 92020

Attn: Garland Buckingham (619-442-0522)

Sir-Tech

P.O. Box 245

Charlestown Mall

Ogdensburg, NY 13669

Attn: Sheri Mitchell (800-447-1230/

315-393-6633)

Apple Leaks & Rumors from Kansasfest

Source: a "post to all BBS's" report from Centaur C at Kansasfest posted by Tanis on Club Apple

System 6.0

Yes, System 6.0 is real, yes it's awesome, yes it has an HFS FST (as well as DOS 3.3 and Pascal FSTs), tons of new features, even MORE speed, and a really really really improved Finder.

Some of Finder's new features:

A "Windows" menu that allows you to select windows that are hidden under other windows.

The "About..." item now displays a modeless dialog with memory counts (Finder, NDAs, free, max block) that is updated every 15 seconds.

The title of a window can be clicked on and a list of folders drops down so you can select directories previous to it.

Option-clicking in the close box of a window closes all windows (just like the Mac Finder).

Option-clicking open a folder closes the window you clicked in after opening the new folder.

Options can be set to suppress the size, type, creation date and/or modification date in a window when files are displayed in list format.

The info bar now expands to double-height when files are displayed in list format, so that you can still see the disk memory use display.

The info bar now displays the file system of the file in the window. It also displays sizes in megabytes when they are more than 999K.

Folders can now (legally) be placed on the desktop. (instead of by using some of the "illegal" patches for the Finder that are floating around)

System 6.0 includes full read/write HFS FST, read-only DOS 3.3 FST, and read-only Pascal FST. New applications: Teach (editor that can import Apple-Works, AWGS, & MacWrite files) and it supports the styled Teach format, of course.

Archiver is their new backup program that has a host of options for selecting files. It can backup to a volume or a single file. They talked about some new support for resources, the Finder will now use rIcon and rComment resources.

rBundle is a new resource format that will let the Finder know which icons go with which Applications/documents and what documents go with which apps. Lots of speedup in the OS, but not as much as we saw from 4.x->5.x system versions.

The Console Driver has been redone, and there are new hooks to get direct access to character output and input routines.

Lots of new tool calls and updates... This includes a SysBeep2 call that allows you to specify which sound file to play for specific events. Some other neat things include a disk full of fonts up to 96 pt! These fonts help ensure that the StyleWriter printer driver has the best output possible. There are drivers for Apple's flatbed scanner and tape drive too.

One really neat thing is that the Installer is completely revamped and is VERY intelligent now (that means there's absolutely no reason not to use it. SSW 6.0 will be shipping on 5 (count 'em, five) disks. The first disk boots to the installer, from there it's a SINGLE mouse click to update your system! Disks 2 & 3 contain the SSW, the fourth is the fonts, and the last disk is configured to boot from an 800K disk drive.

Hardware

Continuing the trend, Apple has made networking much better, there'll be an Ether net card allowing quicker networks. The SuperDrive card will allow us to use the 1.6 Meg disks, as well as accessing MAC HFS disks. Both of these cards will run on an enhanced Apple IIe. There's also a new ProDOS-8 (v2.0) which will allow more than two devices per slot! Up to a max of 14. There is a sacrifice for this though - it requires a 65C02 at least (shouldn't be much of a problem since the SCSI card also requires a 65C02 at minimum).

Rumor Rumor Rumor

Has Apple finally realized their grave mistake in avoiding the Apple II and trying to let it wither away and die? It seems so. Some say the Mac LC is the perfect home computer, color, speed (well...), and hey, it's a Mac. BUT at Apple, people know better. The IIgs is reportedly doing extremely well in com-

puter specialty stores although the price of an LC (approx \$1,700 - \$2,100) is similar. And so..., Apple will make a new GS with an internal 40 meg drive, SWIM chip, 640 x 400 res, faster processor, and of course, System 6.0.

Don Westcott CO

DI have tried copying Hard Hat Mack with methods in past issues of COMPUTIST to no avail. The latest, on page 17 of COMPUTIST #79, didn't work either. After making the first two monitor entries I entered 9600G to load the first stage loader. The disk spins and the monitor prompt reappears fairly soon but the disk keeps on spinning. I continued on through the rest of the softkey but BRUNing the resulting file crashes me into the monitor.

Other softkeys that didn't work are: Crypt of Medea—#55, pg 32 (copy works but it won't save games)

Cyclod-#38, pg 14

Mabel's Mansion—#48, pg 23

Rescue Raiders—numerous issues Silent Service—numerous issues (copy appears to work but we get sunk

right away)
I assume I have different versions than the softkeys were intended for. If anyone has alternative softkeys for these

My Apple II Most Wanted

games please send them to COMPUT-

Arcade Album	Penguin
Crypt of Medea	Sir Tech
Cyclod	Sirius
Deathlord	Electronic Arts
Hard Hat Mack	Electronic Arts
Labyrinth (old)	Br0derbund
Mabel's Mansion	Datamost
Pipe Dream (IIGS)	Lucasfilm
Saturn Navigator	subLogic
Shamus	Synapse
Silent Service	Microprose

Guardian

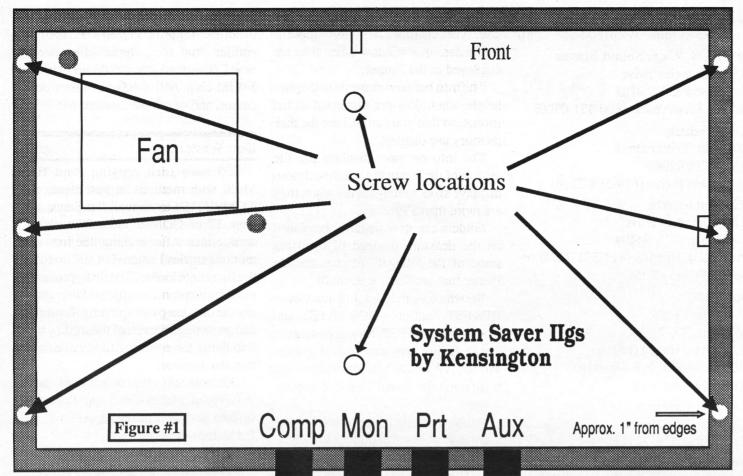
Notes on Where in Time is Carmen Sandiego

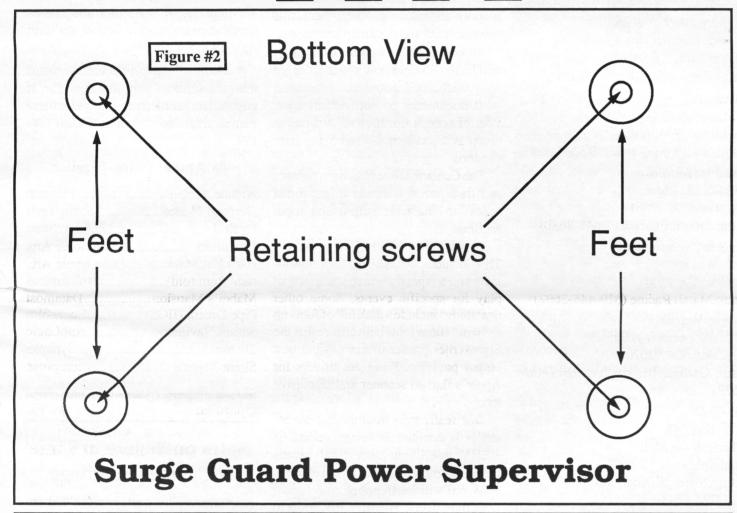
FL

In issue #77 is a softkey for "Where In Time Is Carmen Sandiego?". I just received a new version of this on 5.25" and the patch for 8C 35 44 20 7D 7C 20 00 96 has been altered by one byte. The 7C has been changed to 5B, changing this 5B back to 7C and patching the 20 00 96.to 18 EA EA makes the transfer to 3.5 work.

Also in issue #77 is a softkey for Estimation Quicksolve from MECC for the 3.5" version. I tried it on my 5.25" disk and it does not work; however, if I transfer this over to a 3.5" it does work. I need some help to patch the 5.25" version so that it will work because my lab is set up for 5.25" disks.

T am in desperate need of a program like the MECC Copy program. I run a junior high school lab of 30 computers and nearly every day I have a damaged disk. I can request another copy from the central office but that does not help with the classes until they get around to sending me the copy which can take two weeks or more. Could someone please send me a program that will work like the MECC copy program?





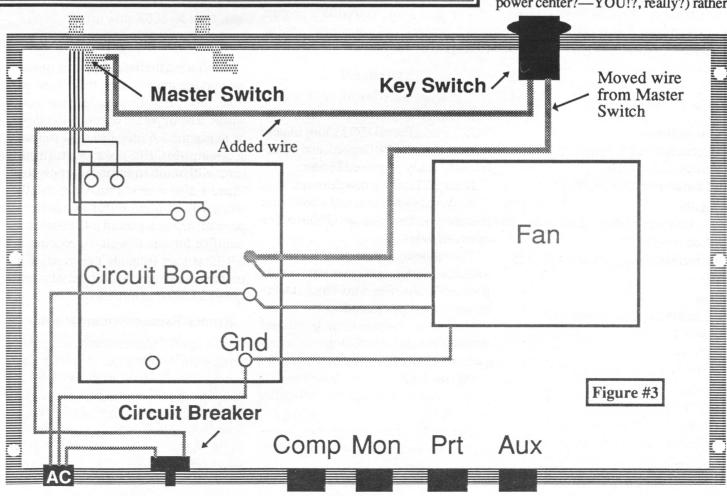
Computer Lockout!

David Goforth WA

Computer Lockout!

As with any modification, the following procedure will void any warranties that you may have on these items. Neither Computist nor I will be held responsible for any damages or injuries incurred in attempting this modification. Perform at your own risk.

Sometime back I received a message on the Computist BBS about a way to prevent unauthorized individuals from using one's computer equipment in the form of a password protected ROM or card. I replied that a much simpler and less expensive way was to use a key switch on a power distribution panel to prevent any portion of the computer equipment to be turned on. Well I finally gathered all the data, measurements, suppliers, etc. and here it is.



Tools required:

Screw driver (standard or Philips whichever is required)
Pliers or wrench
Soldering Iron (70 watt)
Drill (1/2" shank preferred)
Drill bit (for 3/4" hole)

Substitutes:

Dremel tool with cutting attachment half moon or circular file

Parts Required:

Key lock switch

14 gauge wire (6 inch) preferably black

Power center (or AC strip with enough clearance for 1" diameter hole and 4" depth)

Opening the Surge Guard Power Supervisor

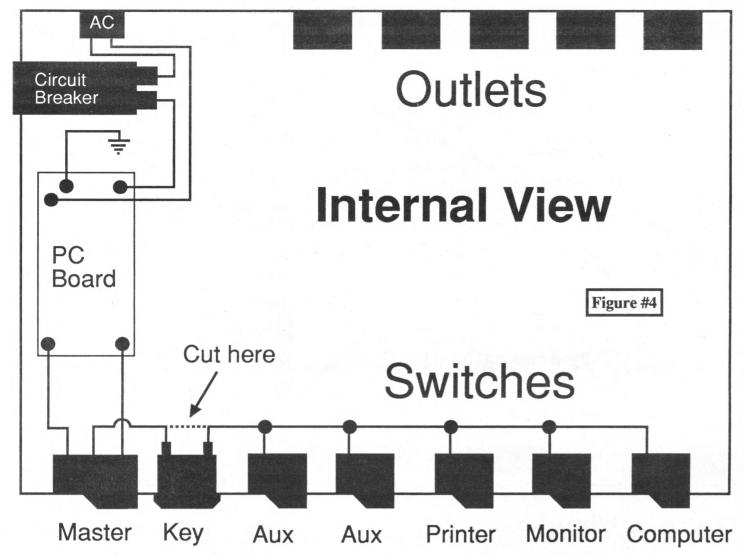
Remove the four screws on the bottom of the case. (See figure #2.) The tilt/swivel monitor stand can be removed by unscrewing the wing nut located in the top center of the stand. I recommend removing this for ease of handling while cutting the hole for the key switch.

Opening the System Saver IIGS

On the System Saver carefully move the rubber strip to one side and use a small four inch #1 Philips screwdriver to remove the screws. (See figure #1.) The screws along the edges should be left in the hole after removing. DO NOT remove the entire rubber strip or peel back an excessive piece, the screwdriver will easily fit around the adhesive strip.

Installing the Key Switch

Using a 1/2" drill or whatever you decide to use, make a 3/4" hole where you'd like the switch located (recommend centering it between the Power & Computer switch on the Power Supervisor, and about halfway between the logo and Aux switch on the front of the System Saver. This gives it a professional look as well as easy access, however there is plenty of room for various locations as long as you remember to ensure enough space behind the switch on the interior to solder the necessary wires.) If your drill cannot make a 3/4" hole (3/8" shank or too small a bit) then you'll need to enlarge it. Be careful not to make the hole too big or it becomes a conversation piece (Hey! Who goofed up your power center?—YOU!?, really?) rather



than a professional looking power source. By using the nut for the switch and a pencil, draw a circle inside the nut so you'll know when your getting close to the proper size. A half-moon or circular file will work but is slow, if you have access to a DREMEL tool with a cutter, it's MUCH faster but take your time, especially if you're not familiar with using a DREMEL tool. The hole is drilled & the switch fits perfectly with the nut securely fastened inside the case, right? I personally like to mount the switch with the front keyed notches in a 12 and 3 O'clock position (OFF is up, ON is turned to the right).

Wiring the Key Switch

After opening find the wire leading from the AC plug to the main ON/OFF switch, this wire should be black. (See figure 3 and figure 4.) There should be another black wire leaving the ON/OFF switch. This is the one to be removed.

All wires should be tinned prior to making a solder connection. This reduces the amount of heat that has to be applied and creates a stronger, long lasting bond. Tinning means to apply a small amount of flux (to clean the wire and allows the solder to adhere easily).

Now for the soldering iron (70 watts, 40 watt may work). If you used the locations recommended, you'll need no extra wire for the Power Supervisor as the short black wire connecting the Master & Aux2 switches is just long enough to cut at it's center, strip 1/4" of insulation and solder into the key switch contacts (see Surge Guard figure #4.) If you chose an alternate location or make a mistake cutting the wire, you'll need another piece.

Note: Wire sizes are reverse numbered (10 gauge is larger than 12 gauge) and the key switch contacts are not capable of supporting larger than 12 gauge wire.

On the System Saver, you'll need to unsolder the wire leaving the Master switch (See figure #3) and going to the circuit board (unsolder at the switch). Solder this wire to one side of the key switch and using a 6" to 8" 14 gauge piece of wire, solder it to the other contact on the key switch and the Master switch where you removed the previous wire (see figure #3 for the System Saver.)

Reassemble the unit in reverse order as disassembly. Now for the test.

Warning: Since the key switch and key are made of metal, a hazardous shock could occur should the switch ever become faulty and short. I've never heard of one going bad in this way, but it is possible. For this reason, the key should never be in the switch while the Master switch is on.

How do you know if the master switch is on?

Plug it in and turn on the Master switch. On the Power Supervisor, the Master switch light should always illuminate regardless of the key switch position. The remaining switches will or will not illuminate indicating the key switch is on/off. Ensure the Master switch is extinguished before using the key. The Master switch on the System Saver should be in the extended position when using the key (remember to remove the key before depressing the Master switch, the same holds true when shutting the system down, turn the Master switch off first.)

Zorro FL

Softkey for...

Windwalker
Origin Systems, Inc.

Requirements:

Apple IIe w/128K, or IIgs Super IOB v1.5

Fast disk copier (Disk Muncher, Copy II

Plus, etc.)

My adaptation of Captain Dan's softkey for Ultima V (COMPUTIST #68) 4 blank disk sides

optional: COMPUTIST #61

Windwalker, sequel to Moebius, is a recent release from the folks at Origin Systems. As a disciple of Moebius, the Windwalker, you are to partake on a quest to aid the deposed Emperor Chao Ti, and his wife Cheng Sing, of the land Khantun, whose reign has been usurped by the evil warlord Zhurong, and his sidekick, the Imperial Alchemist Shen Jang. You begin the quest as a humble fisherman, and through your travels and encounters you learn what you have to do to survive in the world, and are re-

warded for your accomplishments by attaining advancement in orders of enlightenment (i.e. experience levels). Your vital statistics consist of four abacus-like devices which represent, in order, Body (hit points), Spirit (magical ability), Honor (measure of your integrity as a person among the people of Khantun), and Karma (number of lives). When you begin the game, you start out at the first order of enlightenment, and as you increase in levels, you gain greater stamina in each of the four attributes, and thus they will endure for greater periods of time whenever a statistic is burdened. Should any of the beads on the abacuses slide against your favor (i.e. loss of hit points in a fight, loss of magic ability after casting a spell), you can pray to the gods utilizing specially blessed sticks of incense, which will result in the immediate replenishment of a depleted attribute.

Aesthetically, the game is one of the best I've seen on an Apple IIe. The graphics are marvelously detailed, from the remarkably realistic title screens to the picturesque sky which changes according to the time of day. In addition, as your character moves over land and through villages, you are given a quasi-3D perspective, which is similar to that used in the arcade game Airheart by Broderbund; if you're walking down to a pier, for example, you can see the people and buildings behind you recede into the distance. The facial icon of your character as well as those of the other inhabitants of Khantun are also finely detailed, from the smiles of the Emperor's concubines to the evil sneer of thieves, and you can notice your character's facial expression change if he is eitherhungry, sleepy, or exhausted. What really sets Windwalker apart from most as far as graphics are concerned is the combat system and its amazing artwork. Featuring completely flicker-free black and white graphics, the combat scenes are exhilarating to behold as your character uses such moves as roundhouse kicks, thrusts, and punches to render harmless the thief, ninja, or whatever else picks a fight with you. Admittedly, your character's status as a disciple does limit his weapon selection (since defense is the top priority) to quarterstaff or simply bare hands; but nevertheless, what proves to be real-time, up-front engagement with foes leaves you with much room to experiment with different tactics against your enemies, as well as a sense of satisfaction when you deftly knock a thief unconscious with blows executed instantaneously at your command.

Now for the softkey. Since Windwalker is a product of Origin Systems, the same people who created (and copyprotected) Ultima V, I decided to try my revamped controller for Ultima V (in COMPUTIST #68, p. 11) in the hopes that the protection was the same. Fortunately, both schemes were identical, and the controller worked flawlessly. According to Captain Dan back in COM-PUTIST #61, the protection on Ultima V consisted of a modified version of ProDOS (which I discovered is called DinkeyDOS), further modified so that each sector number beyond track \$02, sector \$0F (i.e. all sectors from tracks \$03 to \$22) had been increased by \$11. If you had tried to use the Copy II Plus sector editor, Trax, the Inspector, or any other type of sector reader, and didn't refer to COMPUTIST #61 or #68, then

Parts suppliers:	Part#	Description	Cost
Roger Coats	AKN01	System Saver IIgs -	\$69.00
PO Box 171466		+ Shipping	\$ 5.00
San Diego, CA 92117			
(1-800-438-2883)			
JAMECO	KS1B	Key switch -	\$ 4.95
1355 Shoreway Rd	JE1200	Swivel Power Base -	\$39.95
Belmont, CA 94002-9864	JE1190	w/o Monitor stand -	\$29.95
(415-592-8097)		+ shipping & Ins -	\$ 5.50
		(\$50.00 minimum orde	er)

The above Power units are available completely assembled and tested from:

Gopher-Tech & Electronics 11015 Old Military Rd SW Tacoma, WA 98498-1524

	1acoma, wa 30430-1324	
Part #	Description	Cost
KPC-GS	System Saver IIgs (KPC-GS)	\$99.94
KPC-TS	Surge Guard Power Supervisor	\$78.38
KPC-01	Surge Guard w/o swivel stand	\$67.60
(7.8% tax	& Shipping included in price PLUS 1 year warranty.)	

The Book of Softkeys (volume 1-3) for only \$1 each*

*plus postage & handling

Book of Softkeys I (Compiled from issues 1-5)

You get all of these softkeys: •Akalabeth •Amper-Magic •Apple Galaxian •Aztec •Bag of Tricks
•Bill Budge's Trilogy of Games •Buzzard Bait •Cannonball Blitz •Casino •Data Reporter
•Deadline •Disk Organizer II •Egbert II •Hard Hat Mack •Home Accountant •Homeword
•Lancaster •Magic Window II •Multi-Disk Catalog •Multiplan •Pest Patrol •Prisoner II •Sammy
Lightfoot •Screenwriter II •Sneakers •Spy's Demise •Starcross •Suspended •Ultima II •Visifile
•Visiplot •Visitrend •Witness •Wizardry •Zork I •Zork III •Zork III

Plus:

How to crack Applesoft program disks
Introduction to Boot Code Tracing
How to create DeMuffin (A disk cracking tool)
Diskedit (Make changes directly on your disks)
Diskview (Examine protected disks)

Getting on the Right Track (Fix your Apple drive so it tells you what track it is on.)

Hidden Locations on your Apple Revealed Fix your Rana drive so you can Boot Code Trace

Neat tricks and bombs that you can put in your programs

Book of Softkeys II (Compiled from issues 6-10)

You get all of these softkeys: •Apple Cider Spider •Apple LOGO •Arcade Machine •The Artist
•Bank Street Writer •Cannonball Blitz •Canyon Climber •Caverns of Freitag •Crush, Crumble &
Chomp •Data Factory v5.0 •DB Master •Essential Data Duplicator I •Essential Data Duplicator III
•Gold Rush •Krell LOGO •Legacy of Llylgamyn •Mask of the Sun •Minit Man •Mouskattack
•Music Construction Set •Oil's Well •Pandora's Box •Robotron •Sammy Lightfoot •Screenwriter
II v2.2 •Sensible Speller IV •Sensible Speller 4.0c/4.1c •Spy Strikes Back •Time Zone •Visible
Computer 6502 •Visidex •Visiterm •Zaxxon •Hayden Software •Sierra OnLine Software

Plus:

How to create DeMuffin Plus (A disk cracking tool)

Super IOB v1.5

Using ProDOS on a Franklin Ace

Crunchlist II

The Controller Saver

Making Liberated Backups That Retain Their Copy Protection

Examining Protected Applesoft BASIC Programs

Game Cheats for: Castle Wolfenstein, Miner 2049er, Serpentine, Star Maze, Ultima II, Wizard and the Princess, Wizardry: Proving Grounds of the Mad Overlord, Zaxxon

Book of Softkeys III (Compiled from issues 11-15)

You get all of these softkeys: Alien Addition •Alien Munchies •Aligator Mix •Computer Preparation SAT •Cut and Paste •Demolition Division •DLM Software •Einstein Compiler v5.3 •Electronic Arts Software •Escape from Rungistan •Financial Cookbook •Flip Out •Hi-Res Computer Golf II •Knoware •Laf Pak •Last Gladiator •Learning With Leeper •Lion's Share •Mastertype •MatheMagic •Minus Mission •Millionaire •Music Construction Set •One on One •PFS Software •Penguin Software •The Quest •Rocky's Boots •Sabotage •Seadragon •Sensible Speller •Snooper Troops (Case 2) •SoftPorn Adventure •Stickybear BOP •Suicide •TellStar •Tic Tac Show •Time is Money •Transylvania •Type Attack •Ultima III-Exodus •Zoom Graphix

Plus:

Putting Locksmith 5.0 Fast Copy Into a Normal Binary File CSaver: The Advanced Way to Store Super IOB Controllers The CORE Disk Searcher

Modified ROMs

The Armonitor

The Hacker's Ultimate Copy & Deprotection Utility: The Super IOB Collection!

ALL 4 volumes of Super IOB controllers (through issue #65) in "ONE' package!

COMPUTIST developed the ultimate copy program to remove copy protection from software:

The Super IOB program.

Since the introduction of Super IOB, COM-PUTIST has used this flexible program to deprotect (or partially deprotect) dozens of commercial programs with far ranging protection schemes.

Super IOB deprotects disks by using a modified RWTS (the subroutine in DOS which is responsible for the reading and writing of disk sectors) for reading from the protected disk and then using a normal RWTS for writing to the deprotected disk.

This package contains:

Fourdisks (supplied in DOS 3.3). Each disk contains at least 60 Super IOB Controllers including the standard, swap, newswap and fast controllers. Also included is version 1.5 of Super IOB, the Csaver program from COMPUTIST No. 13, and a Menu Hello Program that lists the available controllers and, when you select one, automatically installs it in Super IOB and RUNs the resulting program.

Several of the controllers deprotect the software completely with no further steps. This means that some programs are only minutes away from deprotection (with virtually no typing).

The issue of COMPUTIST in which each controller appeared is indicated in case further steps are required to deprotect a particular program.**

*Requires at least 64K of memory.

**Although some controllers will completely deprotect the program they were designed for, some will not, and therefore require their corresponding issue of COMPUTIST to complete the deprotection procedure.

The Super IOB Collection

Volume 1 of the Super IOB collection covers all the controllers from COMPUTIST No. 9 through No. 26. Also included are the newswap and fast controllers from COMPUTIST No. 32. The following controllers are on volume 1:

Advanced Blackjack *Alphabet Zoo *Arcade Machine *Archon II *Archon *Artsci Software *Bank Street Writer *Barrons SAT *Beyond Castle Wolfenstein *BSW //c Loader *Castle Wolfenstein *Computer Preparation: SAT *Dazzle Draw *DB Master 4 Plus *Death in the Carribean *Dino Eggs *DLM Software *Electronic Arts *F-15 Strike Eagle *Fast Controller *Fathoms 40 *Financial Cookbook *Gessler Software *Grandma's House *The Heist *In Search of the Most Amazing Thing *Instant Recall *Kidwriter *Lions Share *Lode Runner *Mastertype *Match Maker *Miner 2049er *Minit Man *Mufplot *Newsroom *Newswap controller *Penguin Software *Print Shop Graphic Library *Print Shop *Rendezvous with Rama *Rockys' Boots *Sargon III *Sea Dragon *Shiela *Skyfox *Snooper Troops *Standard controller *Stoneware Software *Summer Games *Super Controller *Super Zaxxon *Swap Controller *TAC *Ultima I & II *Word Challenge *Xyphus *Zaxxon

Volume 2 of the Super IOB collection covers all the controllers from COMPUTIST No. 27 through No. 38. The following controllers are on volume 2:

Alice in Wonderland •Alphabetic Keyboarding •Alternate Reality •Autoduel •Checkers •Chipwits •Color Me •Conan.data •Conan.prog •CopyDOS •Crisis Mountain •Disk Director •Dragonworld •Early Games •Easy as ABC •F-15 Strike Eagle •Fantavision •Fast controller •Fishies •Flight Simulator •Halley Project •Hartley Software (a) •Hartley Software (b) •Jenny of the Prarie •Jingle Disk •Kidwriter •Kracking Vol II •Lode Runner •LOGO II (a) •LOGO II (b) •Masquerade •Mastering the SAT •Microtype: The Wonderful World of Paws •Microzines 1 •Microzines 2-5 •Miner 2049er •Mist & View to a Kill •Murder on the Zinderneuf •Music Construction Set •Newswap controller •Olympic Decathlon •Other Side •Phi Beta Filer •Pitstop II •Print Shop Companion •RDOS •Robot War •Spy vs Spy •Standard controller •Sundog V2 •Swap controller •Sword of Kadash •Synergistic Software •Tawala's Last Redoubt •Terripin Logo •Threshold •Time is Money •Time Zone •Tink! Tonk! •Troll's Tale •Ultima IV •Wilderness •Word Attack & Classmate •World's Greatest Baseball •World's Greatest Football

Volume 3 of the Super IOB collection covers all the controllers from COMPUTIST No. 39 through No. 53. The following controllers are on volume 3:

2400 A.D. •Alternate Reality: The Dungeon •Address Book •American Challenge Apple Gradebook V2.6 • Arcade Album #1 • Arcade Boot Camp • Aztec • Bard's Tale II •Beachhead •Beyond Castle Wolfenstein •Black Magic •Blue Powder/Grey Smoke •Borrowed Time •Castle Wolfenstein •Cat-N-Mouse •Catalyst 2.0 & 3.0 Centipede Championship Golf Championship Wrestling Charlie Brown 123'S Colonial Conquest • Comprehension Skills • Computer Preparation for the SAT V3 *Coveted Mirror *Coveted Mirror RWTS Capture *CPU68000NV.4Q2 *Cranston Manor •Crime Stopper •Dam Busters •Decimals •Destroyer •Dino Dig •Earth Orbit Station • Encyclopedia Britannica • Escape • Fish Scales • Foundation Course in Spanish •Frog •GFL Football •Goonies •Great American Cross-Country Road Race •Handlers •H.E.R.O •Inferno •Information Master •J-Bird •Jenny's Journeys Joe Theisman Football •Kindercomp •Kung Fu •Light Simulator •Manuscript Manager •Master Diagnostics Ile •Mastering Math •MECC •MECC Software •MECC Swap •MECC Without RWTS •Missing Links •No Error Check & No DOS Ogre One On One Oregon Trail Penguin Software PFS ProDOS Pitfall II •Puzzles&Posters •Racter •Randamn •Reading Style Inventory •Ring Quest •Science Toolkit •Science Toolkit Rev1 •Skyfox •Snooper Troops •Speed Reader II •Spy's Adventure •Starcross •Super Bunny •Temple Apshai Trilogy •The American Challenge • Translyvania • Troll Courseware • Ultima I • Ultima IV • Wizard's Crown •Word Attack •Word Maze •World Karate Championship •Rings of Zilfin •Zorro

Volume 4 of the Super IOB collection covers all the controllers from COMPUTIST No. 54 through No. 65. The following controllers are on volume 4:

Abracadata/Design Home •Algebra 3 & 4 •American Challenge •Animate side (A) •Animate side (B) •Applewriter Preboot •Aztec •Castle Wolfenstein •Championship Wrestling •Crossword Magic 4.0 •Crypt of Medea •Dam Busters •Dazzle Draw •Death Sword •Deathlord Scenario •Digital Paintbrush Sys •Dondra •Dr Ruth •Dreadnoughts •Elem Social Studies #3 •Elem Social Studies #6 •EOS/Arctic Fox •Estimation •Fraction Factory •Fractions •General Chemistry #8 •Gl Joe •Hardball •Lords of Conquest •Matchmaker WGF •Math Blaster •Maxwell Manor •MECC (Apr 89) •Microzine #26 •Mind Over Matter (1984) •Nightmare Gallery •One on One (new) •Path Tactics •Penguin •Pitfall II •Pool 1.5 •Print Shop Data Disk •Project Space Station •PSAT Word Attack Skills •Realm of Impossibility •Roadwar 2000 •Science Prof •Science Toolkit Modules •Science Toolkit •Seaspeller •Songwriter •Space Station •Spell It •Spy Hunter •Sunburst •Super Sun./Gen Manager •Super Sunday •Teachers Rec Book •Tellstar II •Test Maker •The New Oregon Trail •Troll Shop Right •Ultima V (a) •Ultima V (b) •Ultima V (c) •Vocabulary Adv I • Zilfin •

11

Book of Softkeys volume I volume II volume III Check the box(s) for the book(s) you want then:	Name
US/Mexico Canada Foreign add \$1 per book	Address
Three Books \$2.90 \$4.32 \$13.05 to get final cost \$	City State Zip
The Super IOB Collection: Includes all four disks with Super IOB version 1.5	CountryPhone
☐ US/Canada/Mexico - All four volumes \$30.00 \$ ☐ Other Foreign - All four volumes \$35.00 \$	VISA MC Exp
☐ US/Canada/Mexico - Volume #4 only \$8.00 \$	Signature
☐ Other Foreign - Volume #4 only \$10.00 \$	•Send US funds drawn on US bank. • We ship by UPS so we need a street address.
Total enclosed \$	Otherwise, we ship by 1st Class mail which gets there but takes a little longer. • Call (206) 832-3055 to use a credit card or send check/money order to:
	COMPUTIST 33821 E Orville Rd Eatonville WA 98328-9590

COMPUTIST #81 Readers Data Exchange

Hi-RAM (D000-FFFF) Bankswitched memory. On the IIe the main memory HiRAM is on the motherboard. On the II and the II+ it is on the RAM card plugged into slot 0. The auxiliary bank of Hi-RAM memory does not exist on the Apple II and II+.

Auxiliary

Memory

HiRAM

Aux

RAM

BANK1,2(D000-DFFF) Hi-RAM contains 16Kbytes of memory but only has 12K of space to access it. The extra 4K is bank switched into the D000-DFFF space. This creates two (2) 4K banks. (See "HiRAM softswitches")

System ROM (C100-FFFF) There is 16K of ROM space on the IIe consist-F000 EF ing of two 8K ROM chips marked "CD" and "EF". The CDROM can overlay the I/O space at C000-CFFF thus replacing the ROM space assigned to the slots. On the II and II+ the ROM space is only E000 12K (D000-FFFF) and does not share the I/O space at C000-CFFF. BANK2 **BANK1 BANK**1 BANK2 CD

Main

Memory

HiRAM

Main

RAM

FFFF

D000

C000 _

B000

A000

System

ROM

CFFF

CF00

CE00

CD00

_ CC00

CB00

CA00

ROM

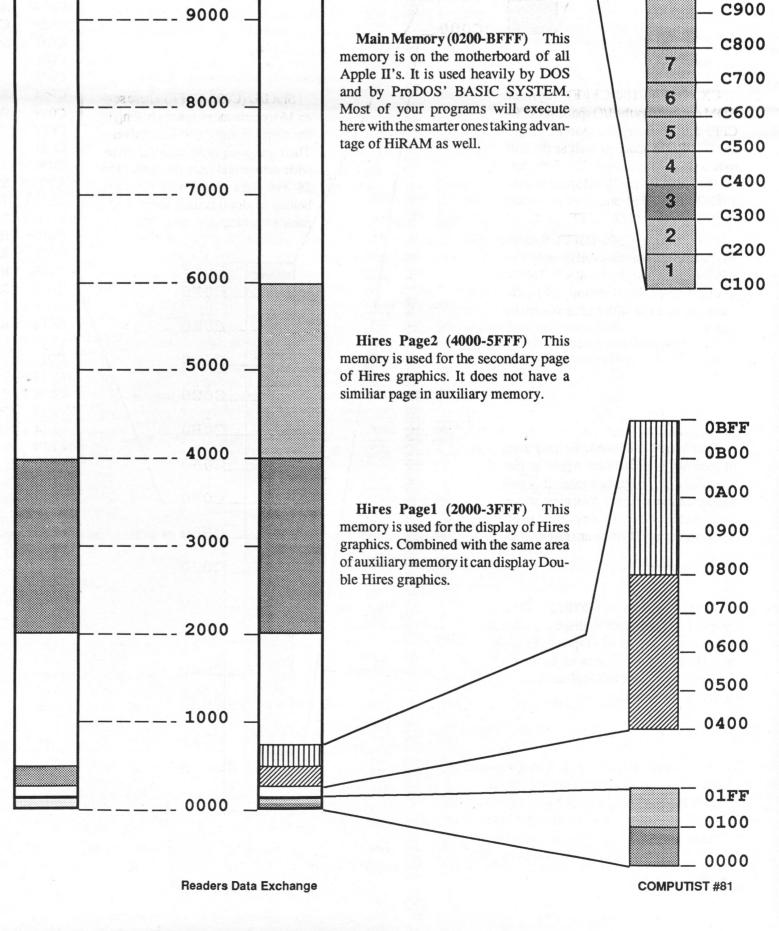
Auxiliary Memory (0200-BFFF) This memory is on the card plugged into the auxiliary slot. This slot replaced slot zero on the II and II+. This memory is used heavily by DOS and by ProDOS' BASIC SYSTEM. Most of your programs will execute here with the smarter ones taking advantage of HiRAM and any additional banks of auxiliary memory.

Note: Portions of Auxiliary memory are used by the 80 column text (0400-07FF) and double hires graphics (2000-3FFF) hardware.

Auxiliary Hires Page1 (2000 3FFF) This memory is used for the display of Double Hires graphics.

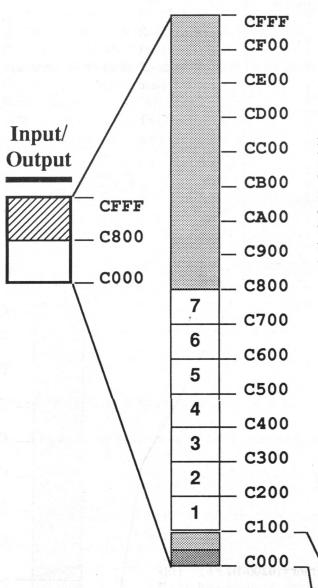
Auxiliary Text Pagel (0400-**07FF)** This memory is used for the display of 80 column text and double lores graphics.

Alternate Zeropage & Stack (0000-01FF) This memory may be used by a program to maintain a separate stack and zeropage.



Apple Ile Memory Map





I/O ROM (C800-CFFF) This 2K memory space is supposed to be shared by the cards plugged into the slots on a one-at-a-time basis. Access to the 2K space is gained by first referencing address \$CFFF (to tell all cards to release this space) then any memory access into the Slot ROM of the card needing access will give it exclusive control.

Slot ROM (C100-C7FF) These seven 256 byte memory spaces belong to the cards in slots 1-7, respectively. They are intented for ROMs with driver code to access the individual card functions. This code will vary depending on the type of card pluged into the slot.

CXROM (C100-CFFF) System
ROM can overlay the I/O space at C000CFFF thus replacing the shared 2K byte
I/O Slot ROM space as well as the 256
byte ROM space assigned to each slot.
On the II and II+ the ROM space is only
12K (D000-FFFF) and does not share
the I/O space at C000-CFFF.

INTC3ROM (C300-C3FF) System ROM can choose to overlay only the 256 byte area assigned to slot 3. This is so that the built-in 80 column card software can co-exist with a plug-in card in slot 3..

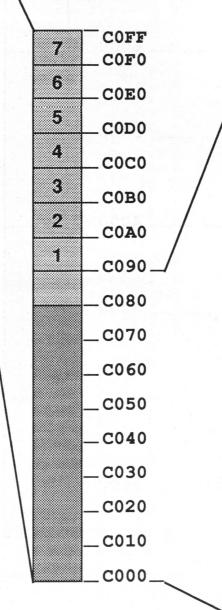
Text Page2 (0800-0BFF) This area of memory is defined by Apple as the secondary text page, however, it is not supported in hardware. You must move the contents of this memory to text page 1 in order to see it on your screen.

Text Page1 (0400-07FF) This memory is used for the display of 40 column text and lores graphics. Combined with the same area of auxiliary memory it can display 80 column text or double lores graphics.

Stack (0100-01FF) This 256 byte area of memory is used by the microprocessor to store important data about the program being executed.

ZeroPage (0000-00FF) This 256 byte area of memory is shared by all software, however, much of it is claimed by the operating system (OS).

Slot I/O (C090-C0FF) These seven 16 byte memory spaces belong to the cards in slots 1-7, respectively. Their purpose is to transfer bytewide data to and from the cards. The 16 byte area that would normally belong to slot 0 is used for HiRAM bank switching.



HiRAM Softswitches (C080-C08F) C08B,8F (bank1) Read RAM/Write RAM*

C08A,8E(bank1) Read ROM/Write protect RAM
C089,8D (bank1) Read ROM/Write RAM*
C088,8C (bank1) Read RAM/Write protect RAM
C083,87 (bank2) Read RAM/Write RAM*
C082,86 (bank2) Read ROM/Write protect RAM
C081,85 (bank2) Read ROM/Write RAM*
C080,84 (bank2) Read RAM/Write protect RAM
* It takes two successive reads to this address to

Softswitches and built-in I/O (C000-C07F)

C070-F Trigger Timers (RW)
C067,F Read timer 3 (R)
C066,E Read timer 2 (R)
C065,D Read timer 1 (R)
C064,C Read timer 0 (R)
C063,B Read Pushbutton 2 (R)
C062,A Read Pushbutton 1 (R)
C061,9 Read Pushbutton 0 (R)
C060,8 Read cassette input (R)
C05F Set Annunciator 3 (RW)

select RAM for writing.

C05E Clear Annunciator 3 (RW)
C05D Set Annunciator 2 (RW)
C05C Clear Annunciator 2 (RW)
C05B Set Annunciator 1 (RW)
C05A Clear Annunciator 1 (RW)

C059 Set Annunciator 0 (RW)
C058 Clear Annunciator 0 (RW)
C057 Set Hires graphics mode (RW)
C056 Set Lores graphics mode (RW)

C055 Set Lores graphics mode (RV C055 Set Hires page2 (RW) C054 Set Hires page1 (RW)

C053 Set mixed text and graphics mode (RW)
C052 Clear mixed text and graphics mode (RW)

C051 Set text mode (RW)
C050 Set graphics mode (RW)
C040-F Strobe (RW)

C030-F Toggle speaker (RW)
C020-F Toggle cassette output (RW)

C01F Read 80 column mode (R)
C01E Read Alternate character set (R)

C01D Read Hires mode (R)
C01C Read page2 switch (R)
C01B Read mixed mode switch (R)
C01A Read text mode switch (R)

C019 Read verticle blanking sync signal (R)

C018 Read 80STORE switch (R)
C017 Read SLOTC3ROM switch (R)

C016 Read Alternate zero page switch (R)
C015 Read internal CX ROM switch (R)

C014 Read RAM write switch (R)
C013 Read RAM read switch (R)
C012 Read HiRAM read switch (R)

C011 Read HiRAM bank2 switch (R)
C010 Read Any-key-down bit (R)/clear keyboard

strobe (RW)

C00F Set ALTCHRSET switch (W)
C00E Clear ALTCHRSET switch (W)

C00D Set 80COL switch (W)
C00C Clear 80COL switch (W)
C00B Set SLOTC3ROM switch (W)
C00A Clear SLOTC3ROM switch (W)

C00A Clear SLOTC3ROM switch (W)
C009 Set ALTZP switch (W)

C008 Clear ALTZP switch (W)
C007 Set INTCXROM switch (W)
C006 Clear INTCXROM switch (W)
C005 Set RAMWRT switch (W)

C004 Clear RAMWRT switch (W)
C003 Set RAMRD switch (W)
C002 Clear RAMRD switch (W)

C001 Set 80STORE switch (W)
C000 Clear 80STORE switch (W)/Read keyboard
& keystrobe (R)

Booders Data Evahanda

Hail and well met, Eamon adventurer.

COMPUTIST has news of great import for loyal supporters of Eamon and members in good standing at the Main Hall. There is a newsletter for Eamon Adventure Buffs.

"The Eamon Adventurer's Build"

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you probably would have been completely stumped after discovering that anything past track \$02, sector \$0F was completely unreadable, even though a glance at track \$03 with a nibble editor had revealed the apparently normal D5 AA 96 markers.

Step-by-step

1. Clear memory and boot a DOS 3.3 disk on which you will save the controller.

ctrl-open apple-reset

2. Type in the controller.

Controller

```
1000 REM WINDWALKER
1010 \text{ TK} = 0:\text{ST} = 0:\text{LT} =
  35:CD = WR
1020 POKE 47507,0: POKE
  47517,0
1030 UB = 0:T1 = TK: GOSUB
  490
1040 \text{ IF UB} = 1 \text{ THEN } 1060
1050 IF TK = > 3 THEN CALL
  6400:UB = 1
1060 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100:ST
  = ST + 1: IF ST < DOS THEN
  1060
1070 IF BF THEN 1090
1080 \text{ ST} = 0:\text{TK} = \text{TK} + 1: \text{IF}
  TK < LT THEN 1040
1090 UB = 0: GOSUB 490:TK =
  T1:ST = 0
1100 \text{ IF UB} = 1 \text{ THEN } 1120
1110 CALL 6417:UB = 1
1120 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100
1130 \text{ ST} = 0:\text{TK} = \text{TK} + 1: \text{IF}
  BF = 0 AND TK < LT THEN
  1100
1140 IF TK < LT THEN 1030
1150 POKE 47507,174: POKE
  47517,164: HOME : PRINT
  "COPYODONE" : END
10010 GOSUB 10055
10050 PRINT : PRINT CHR$ (4)
  "BLOAD OIOB.OBJO, A$300" :
  GOTO 10060
10055 \text{ FOR Z} = 6400 \text{ TO } 6433:
  READ I: POKE Z, I: NEXT Z:
  DATA 162,0,189,184,191,24,
  105, 17, 157, 184, 191, 232, 224,
  16,208,242,96,162,0,189,
```

Checksums

184, 191, 556, 233, 17, 157, 184,

191,232,224,16,208,242,96:

1000-\$356B 1070-\$0586 1140-\$C86B 1010-\$3266 1080-\$752E 1150-\$D8CC 1020-\$5917 1090-\$D00D 10010-\$949A 1030-\$51D2 1100-\$68D6 10050-\$5CE0 1040-\$8CFB 1110-\$6483 10055-\$8797 1050-\$DE3C 1120-\$594E 1060-\$D138 1130-\$EFE9

3. EXECute capture (from the COM-PUTIST Starter Kit) and when prompted enter a name for the controller and press RETURN.

EXEC CAPTURE RUN

RETURN

WINDWALKER name of controller

4. Load Super IOB, install the controller, and use it to copy side 1 of disk 1.

LOAD SUPER IOB EXEC CON.WINDWALKER RUN

5. Using a fast copier, copy the remaining sides to your blank disks.

Playing Tip for...

Windwalker

Origin Systems, Inc.

I played the game for two days almost non-stop until I solved it. Be warned, the following hints will take some fun out of the game, even though it is not the most difficult to solve.

•Priests are useful when it comes to blessing common incense.

•From Xiang Loh village, sail north until you find a group of islands. Then search further until you've found an unoccupied house. Search the cabinet, and follow the directions on the map to the thieves' hideout. There you'll discover something that will be very important later on.

•It's VERY useful to have parchment, quill and ink on hand, especially in the Palace and in the cave of the Shaman.

•To attain quickness through prayer, either search the northern group of islands for the home of a certain retired assassin, and ask him about it, or just say "Quicken my pace" while burning blessed incense.

•To become "The armored one", you must tread "The solid path" to stalk the sea dragon as an "Unseen presence".

•Always greet the local Nubians.

•The princess has a fondness for Jasmine tea; if asked she may provide you with some flowers, but it's best not to accost her in the bath, lest your honor be tainted.

•Do not battle Zhurong until you've become "The armored one".

•The medicine men have a few things in common. When you've learned enough from the locals, you should ask one about the other, and then take what the first gives you to the one in hiding.

•At the proper time, ask the concubines to acquire a certain key from the Warlord.

•To concoct the Elixir of Everlasting Life, you need: Jasmine flower, rhinoceros horn, gold dust, peach seed of immortality, and a certain skilled medicine man

•To banish Shen Jang from the physical plane, confront him on the night of the new moon. Just as he enters the Astral Gate, fling a fireball of righteousness at the gateway to trap him.

•To acquire the Peach Seed of Immortality, get slashed by an Oni on the Isle of the Dead, and then move to the north exit of the cave you find yourself in, cloaked under invisibility and clearheaded with the help of a health elixir or Eyes of Fire. Try to sleep until a full moon, and when you awaken you'll get both the seed and a special blessing from somebody up high.

•The Isle of the Dead is a dangerous place - don't even try going there unless you've at least attained the Order of Shark.

•During prayer, the gods reward most those who eat little.

•After defeating the Warlord, go to the cell farthest to the right in the prison, and respectfully force-feed the emperor the antidote. Don't slap him, though that's dishonorable.

Crusader SD

Softkey for...

Tomahawk

DataSoft

The version of Tomahawk I have is by DataSoft. I have seen it on the most wanted list saying it was by Electronic Arts. If your program is by EA, try the crack for Chuck Yeager's AFT later in this article.

Alright, I finally get to write a long explanation of a crack I just finished. I hope that this will help other people who are new to the deprotecion game. I have to give a lot of credit to Marc Batchelor in Computist issue #68 for this one. I

started out trying to do this one on my own but it didn't work. I am still not an expertin the field of cracking so I rely on any help I can get.

When I first looked at the code, nothing made much sense. I assumed that there was some kind of signature check because the disk was copyable using COPYA but once the boot started, the program would die and put "PLEASE USE ORIGINAL DISK" on the screen. I figured that I would try to do a boot code trace. I set up to boot into the monitor right after the first stage of the boot was completed by changing the boot code:

Turn on your computer with nothing in the drives and press:

ctrl reset

At the prompt, enter the monitor. **CALL -151**

Move the boot code into normal memory:

9600<C600.C700M

Make the program go to the monitor once the first boot stage is complete.

96F8:4C 59 FF

9600G

Shut the drive off. **C0E8**

Here is what I found that looked interesting:

087EL

087E:A2 79 LDX #\$79 0880:BD 04 08 LDA \$0804,X 0883:48 PHA 0884:4A LSR 0885:68 PLA 0886:6A **ROR** 0887:9D 04 08 STA \$0804,X 088A:CA 088B:D0 F3 BNE \$0880 088D:4C 14 08 JMP \$0814 0890:A2 79 LDX #\$79 0892:BD 04 08 LDA \$0804,X

0895:18 CLC
0896:2A ROL
0897:90 02 BCC \$089B
0899:09 01 ORA #\$01
089B:9D 04 08 STA \$0804,X
089E:CA DEX
089F:D0 F1 BNE \$0892
08A1:60 RTS

I knew that this looked like decryption code or something but I was pretty stumped. I executed the code and didn't really see too much. I decided to look through my back issues and found something for DataSoft in issue #68. The code in the program was identical to the code I found and in the same place I found it. The code that used to be here was garbage until I executed the routine at 087E. Here is that code after it is decoded:

IDA #\$40 0861:A9 40 0863:85 03 STA \$03 0865:A0 00 LDY #\$00 0867:84 02 STY \$02 LDX #\$06 0869:A2 06 086B:B1 02 LDA (\$02),Y 086D:48 PHA 086E:4A LSR 086F:68 PLA 0870:6A ROR 0871:91 02 STA (\$02),Y 0873:C8 INY 0874:D0 F5 BNE \$086B 0876:E6 03 INC \$03 0878:CA DEX BNE \$086B 0879:D0 F0 087B:4C CB 43 JMP \$43CB

I thought, great!! I don't have to do much more work. The code is the same!

Well, I was wrong. In Marc's article it showed how to set up the boot to jump to the monitor after the first stage. I did everything, then it said to look at \$43E5. Well, when I looked there, there was nothing but 00's everywhere. Needless to say, I knew I might have to work a bit harder. I also know that I might have done everything the hard way but, I got the job done, 2 ways!

Next, I wanted to find out where the routine was on the disk. I figured if I looked for the word "PLEASE" I would be right where the protection was. Thanks to Marc, again, he had listed a lot of the code in his crack and it helped me located most of the stuff a lot easier.

Ifigured out that the words and letters were all encoded and found that if I looked up the values for the letters, multiplied each value by 2 and if the value was more than FF I subtracted FF. Example: P=\$D0 L=\$CC E=\$C5 A=\$C1 S=\$D3 E=\$C5. So I have D0 CC C5 C1 D3 C5. Take D0 * 2 = 1A0, which is more than FF so take FF away from 1A0 and you get A1. Do this with all of the letters or parts of the code you need to find and search the disk for the new values you have come up with. It helps if you have a scientific calculator that works with hex numbers!

I found the word "PLEASE" on track \$00, sector \$06, starting at byte \$7D. Then, according to Marc's article, I knew that this was the end of the protection code. I then found the start of the protection code by decoding the bytes in Marc's article and then looking for those patterns on disk. I found the routine on track \$00, sector \$05, bytes \$58-C9. Byte \$C9 was the first RTS encountered so I figured that the code was all there. My next step was to EA out all of the code. EA decoded is D5, so from byte \$58 to byte \$C9 I put D5's. I then wrote them back to the disk using DISKEDIT (from the Starter Kit disk). The disk booted and ran fine.

It looked sloppy soooo... I know what you are saying, "If it works DON'T FIX IT.", well, I couldn't help it. I knew that all you had to change was a few bytes instead of 114 bytes. I knew where on disk the code was but I didn't know where in memory it was being loaded and therefore didn't know what address to look for a JSR to. I booted the disk and when the program had loaded I did a CONTROL-OPEN APPLE-RESET followed by a CONTROL-RESET. I got into the monitor and looked for all of my D5's. I found them all starting at \$4458. I then knew that any JSR's to \$4458 would be what I had to eliminate. I decoded the bytes 2058 44 into 40 B088 and searched the disk. I found these occurrences at track \$00, sector \$05, at byte \$2B and \$3D.

I then re-copied the disk for a fresh start. Took out DISKEDIT and went to track \$00, sector \$05 and changed bytes \$2B-2D and bytes \$3D-3F to D5's. The disk booted and ran fine and IT DOESN'T LOOK SLOPPY. It is also a lot easier.

Step-by-step

- 1. Copy the disk using COPYA.
- 2. Edit the copy.

 Trk
 Sct
 Byte
 From
 To

 \$00
 \$05
 \$2B-2D
 40 B0 88
 D5 D5 D5

 \$3D-3F
 40 B0 88
 D5 D5 D5

3. Write the changes back to the disk. Boy, that was easy!

15

Softkey for...

Chuck Yeager's AFT Electronic Arts

Well, I thought it would never happen but we can now remove Chuck Yeager's AFT from the Most Wanted List!!! Thanks to Blain Johnson and Computist issues #62 & #76.

I have wanted to remove the protection from this disk since I bought it a couple years ago for one very good reason, my copy is autographed by Chuck Yeager! I tried to remove the protection from the disk long ago but I soon realized that I was in WAY over my head. Blain's method works perfectly, the hardest part was entering his programs! Here is what ya gotta do:

- 1. Enter the 5 programs from issue #76, pages 19-20.
- 2. With the computer in BASIC (I was in DOS 3.3, BASIC) set up to boot into auxiliary memory.

CALL -151 0:8D 03 C0 8D 05 C0 4C 00 C6

- 3. Insert the AFT boot disk and boot it. $\mathbf{0G}$
- 4. When the drive stops, quickly press: open apple ctrl reset ctrl reset
- 5. Transfer the modified RWTS to main memory.

CALL -151 0300:18 4C 11 C3 03F8:4C 00 03 2200<200.7FF ctrl Y ctrl C

6. Boot a slave disk and save the RWTS. I used the same disk that I put the programs from issue #76 on. I saved the RWTS with the name ECA.RWTS because this is what the program ECA.BAS from issue #76 uses. If you change the name, don't forget to change line 10 of the program.

PR#6

BSAVE ECA.RWTS, A\$2200, L\$600

 Put the disk with the programs from issue #76 in the drive and run ECA.BAS. Follow the prompts for proper disk placement.

RUN ECA.BAS

8. When the copy is complete, you need to reboot the disk with the program ECA.INSTALL on it. Run ECA.INSTALL and answer Yes to the default.

RUN ECA.INSTALL

Y

9. Now, all that is left is to copy the back side of the disk, it is not protected.

You now have a working copy of Chuck Yeager's AFT and you no longer have to worry about trashing your original disk.

Also, in Blain's explanation in issue #76, he states that to verify you have found a second EA RWTS look 2 sectors ahead and it should start with 10 FB C9 AA D0 F3. Well, mine didn't so don't let that throw you off.

One thing that you might want to do, I did, is to put all of the programs from issue #76 on a disk and use this disk as an Electronic Arts de-copyprotection disk.

I would also like to thumb my nose at Electronic Arts. I don't know if they are still protecting their programs but this should show them that no matter how elaborate they make their protection, there is someone smarter out there who is going to find a way to remove it. Thanks Blain!!!

I just got a MODEM and boy am I having a blast! I also have changed my alias. I used to be Mr. Memory Dump but that doesn't fit on too many BBS's so I changed it to Crusader. I think it sounds a lot better too. I know that there are some people who think that having an alias is stupid, well who cares?! I think it's kind of fun to be strange! I am also "crusading" on every BBS that I can log on to and I am putting messages about how great Computist is. I would love for people to leave any "good" BBS numbers that they know of in my mail on the Computist BBS. I am user #21.

I haven't written anything in a LONG time and forgot how much funit is to run my mouth off! I hope everyone is sending something in to Computist for the IRS fund! I am sending what I can. I know that there are a lot of people out there who would hate to see this magazine go under. I know I am one of those people and I will do whatever I can to help keep it going!

To Mr. Haight, in reference to your editorial in issue #78. I would love to hear about new technology pertaining to the Apple II's. Also, I would love to see a Computist Cracking Card as a Hardware project. I sent my money in too late for the Snapshot card and would really like an NMI for cracking. If anyone has an old NMI that works and preferably has documentation, I would be real interested in purchasing it from you. If you can't get in touch with me through the BBS, I think Computist can forward some mail.

The Playroom by Broderbund, I also recently purchased an RGB monitor to make my games more interesting for myself and my kids. Oh, get this! I found an AppleColor RGB Monitor, on clearance and still in the box for \$77.22!! Enough about my find, The Playroom doesn't support RGB color. I called Broderbund, there was a plan to upgrade the program but it got scrapped. Is there any way to make the program work with an RGB monitor? I have an enhanced IIe and I am using the Color-Link RGB option on my RamWorks III card. Why would the program work on a normal color monitor but not an RGB one? When I program and use graphics the colors work, why are certain programs incompatible?

Thow do you get the cotton balls at the South Pole in Leather Goddesses of Phobos? I have tried everything!

To all Australians: I know what it is like living overseas. I spent 4-1/2 years in England. If you need anything, write to me. Also, what is going on in Home and Away? I can be reached at:

4503 Candlewood Place Apt. 208 Rapid City, SD 57702

Rod O'Brien

NY

Comments on Lode Runner Virus

In Computist # 75, Zorro of Florida mentions that his uncle has come across a virus named Lode Runner on a Nibble disk from August 1990. I have an original version of Nibble's August 1990 disk and can find NO indication of a virus on it. I ask Zorro if his uncle has an original or a "copy" of the Nibble disk. I would think it has to be a "copy". Also I would like Zorro to forward a copy of the disk (with virus) to me at my address:

Rod O'Brien 41 West 72nd St #16C New York, NY 10023

I have been studying various viruses and would like to see what this one looks like. Before you get the wrong idea I want to study the virus to defeat it, I am not looking to write one of my own.

The virus "Lode Runner" has been reported around the Apple II world for some while now. The following is a reprint of some articles I have written in my local users group newsletter, BAUD (Big Apple Users Digest).

It seems that a new program coming out of France, Speedy Smith, has been responsible for a new virus in the Apple II world. The new virus, called LODE RUNNER, seems to be installed on Speedy Smith, which is an Apple IIgs copy program. The screens for the programs are all SHR and it has a thermometer to indicate copy process. The reason no one is sure if this program is the culprit is that the programmers have written it in their own new DOS which is unreadable through the standard processes. It seems that Copy II+ can catalog it and the total number of blocks indicated are 292 used but the files only add up to a total of 148 used. The virus seems to trash disks and has shown up in Canada, Oregon, California and Michigan. (And now Florida according to Zorro)

A good way to check to see if you are infected (besides having your disk erased) is to use Copy II+ to check your Block 0000. If your first three bytes are 01 A9 50 then the disk IS infected. It seems the virus is being spread through the copying of the program and then booting an unaffected disk immediately afterwards. The virus seems to attach itself to the ProDOS kernel so it goes unnoticed till it goes off. The virus will go off if the Month listing in the Control Panel is set to October and the day is divisible by 8. Next you must boot a new disk with an Open Apple-Control-Reset. The second disk must not be writeprotected or the virus will not attach itself. The virus will appear on the screen with a red background and says,

"+++ SYSTEM FAILURE in : +++
08

It then counts down to zero and a multi-colored screen will appear saying,

000E Copies. Distr:Artistes Associes
===LOAD RUNNER ===
Premier virus NON-DESTRUCTEUR sur IIGS
par SUPER HACKER & SHYRKAN du MASTERS CRACKING SERVICE

1988 Lyons

Lode Runner does not appear to affect 5.25" inch disks but it may affect certain programs at anytime. The only programs that are known to be destroyed by just being in the presence of Lode Runner are Sierra's Space Quest I and Police Quest for the IIGS. Other Sierra products are likely to be susceptible to the virus as well. Use extreme caution.

This information came from an article in the Flint Apple Club newsletter (FAC) and I would like to thank them and Lonny Cole, Brian McCraig, the BC Apple Club, Ross Woodhouse and Pat Daley in Oregon, and the Eugene Oregon users. It seems that two Apple users, Neil Parker and Mike Sutter have analyzed Lode Runner and have written a detection/correction program for it.

Also there has been a report from the Journal for the Northern Illinois Computer Society which reviews the latest

copy program to come out of France, called ZZCopy. What made me sit up and take notice of this particular product is the source from which it came. The review talks about it coming from France and from the same people who brought us SpeedySmith. SpeedySmith is the copy program that has been rumored to have also brought us the Apple Virus...Lode Runner. It is dangerous and deadly to the Apple World. Be Careful. If any of our members sees, owns or uses a copy of either SpeedySmith or ZZCopy please let us know about them. If they are "clean" programs and do not contain virus', I would like to let our membership know.

Recently there have been reports that some disks from PDE have contained the French virus "Lode Runner" but the PDE, to its credit, now is carrying a virus detector and eliminator for Lode Runner. Lode Runner changes the first three bytes of a disk. The virus reportedly comes from France. Call the PDE for more information at 800-331-8125.

I have yet to actually see a copy of this virus and according to some correspondence I have had with other user groups around the country there are some versions of both these programs out there that seem to be clean but I would very carefully check any copies of these programs or any other French programs in my collection.

I'd like to step up on my soapbox for just a moment.

To Mike from Canada in the IBM RDEX: I don't have an IBM but I recognize the scenario that you are describing. You have a copy of "Mean Street" that you didn't buy. You "borrowed" the manual and have removed the password protection. In a nutshell you are pirating the game for your use. The BBS's that you describe (with a cynical grin) are the kind that specialize in pirated software. Getting the manual on disk from them may help you finish the game but I don't think it helps the authors who spent many hours trying to put together a good game for consumers to enjoy (as well receiving a possible virus in the process). Computist magazine has helped me copy many of my favorite programs and enabled me to save the originals in case of emergency. The difference between you and I, is that all my software was purchased or given to me (legitimate commercial copies) by friends who had finished them or didn't want them anymore. Apple users are going through a rough time right now, many publishers are discontinuing their support of the Apple line for many reasons but one of the most commonly stated ones is piracy. Computist is a magazine that can teach and inform users about their machines, regardless of the make, but it has never advocated piracy and I don't think it ever should. I and I would think other readers would prefer if you kept your tips, techniques and ideas (grin) to yourself.

I'll step down now.

To Stan T. Merka (Computist #68): You submitted an article for putting Mean 18 on a Hard Drive. I followed the article to the letter and carefully checked my typing but I still get an error when loading that says "trouble loading SNC file". According to both the article and my own research there is no SNC file other than the six files that are appended with the .SNC suffix. The

SNC files are having trouble loading.

My system is a GS with 2 meg of RAM and a 64 MEG hard drive. The program will boot and run if I rename my second partition as MEAN 18. The program will boot but then display the error when I put the game into my Games subdirectory on partition 1. The pathname for that partition is "HD1/GAMES/ MEAN18/".

Also in his article on block \$5B5 he lists a patch on \$14A and then zeroing out from \$153 for the patch to work. If you zero out from this point it changes the last byte in the previous patch. Is this a typo?

My other question to Mr. Merka is can his process be used the way I want, that is inside another subdirectory or does his modification only work as a root file. If any other readers have the answer I would appreciate hearing from

B.M.E. Upp ("Scotty")

Of DOS and Men

How the @#\$@ did that happen??!!??

That was my initial reaction upon reading B. Dudley Brett's article in COMPUTIST #78, p.22, about problems he had encountered with my enhancements to his FIND. CAT program. Mr. Brett had discovered, upon adding the enhancement code to his program, that the commands to send output to the 80 col. screen or to the printer were being ignored, and he pointed out that the GET statement in line 570 was not followed by a PRINT statement, a condition which can cause DOS to "pass over" such commands.

The mystery, to me, was how this could have happened when I always check out any code I send anywhere to be certain that it works as advertised, and I try to anticipate possible bugs. In this case, the program had worked just fine for me. All sorts of wild thoughts began to run through my head: was Canadian Applesoft somehow different from American Applesoft? Was there an Applesoft exchange rate, like there is for currency? What if I listed an American Applesoft program in Ottowa would it have more lines in it than the same program listed in Connecticut? There are lots of really strange things that go on in this world, as anyone who's ever watched network TV can tell you!

In re-examining the code in my version of the program, however, I noticed one small detail that I had neglected to include in the code that I sent to COM-PUTIST: in line 120, Mr. Brett had defined D\$ as "CHR\$(4)"; I had changed that to "CHR\$(13)+CHR\$(4)", which had accomplished the same thing as the PRINT statement inserted by Mr. Brett after the GET. I apologize to anyone for whom my oversight caused headscratching and bad language.

For any budding Applesoft enthusiasts out there, the "CHR\$(13)+ CHR\$(4)" concatenation is usually denigrated, on the basis that it causes problems if you try to run it under ProDOS. However, Mr. Brett's program won't run under ProDOS anyway (line 130 guarantees that), and even in other circumstances, it's easy enough to guard against a problem. For instance, I like to use "D\$ = CHR\$(4): IF PEEK (48896)

error does not clarify if one file or all the <> 76 THEN D\$ = CHR\$(13) + CHR\$(4)".

> That way, if ProDOS is running, D\$ remains as plain old CHR\$(4), and no harm is done. Another tactic often used is to simply PRINT the GET variable to the screen after it's been got. So, after we GET PR\$ in line 570 of FIND.CAT with enhancement, we would PRINT the result (i.e., "PRINT PR\$"), which would also close the barn door (Drive door?) left open by the GET statement. As is often the case, there is more than one way to skin a [FIND] CAT! (sorry)

> After all this, however, I do still have another question for Mr. Brett. To whit: if the Canadian spelling for "program" is "programme" (see Mr. Brett's article, cited above), then - are you ready - how come "DOS" isn't spelled "DOSSE"?

Now - let's see our northern friend 'splain his way out of that one!

MD

Alan Chaney

Well here's the kid again, and would you believe that my ship finally was allowed to leave the Persian Gulf. But it's got booby traps everywhere. Oh well, life goes on.

Due to the above circumstances cracks are rare, but I still have some help in the way of APT's. Here goes!

Softkey for...

CT

Studymate (the grade booster) Compu-Teach

Requirements:

Two 3.5" disk

3.5" fast copier

3.5" Sector Editor

Pete Moss

Matt Knife

Miles Long

Chuck Roast

Oly O'Leahy

Luke Warmwater

Tab Stop

I sent in a partial softkey of this program in issue #77, and now I am back to give you the full softkey of the program.

- 1. Copy both disks then put away originals.
- 2. With your sector editor scan the disk for A9 03 85 25 and change to 4C E8 C0 25. These bytes should be at the start of the file UNPACKER which loads at 00/0C00 in the monitor. This is the start of the protection.
- 3. Write the sector back to the copy.
- 2. Alternate: Scan for D9 00 02 D0 11 88 and change to D9 00 02 EA EA 88. Now you will have to type a letter, any letter or word followed by a return to enter the game. (My kids think I am psychic.)

Characters from "Where in time is Carmen Sandiego?"

Male Characters Red Gray Degas Kipling **Kipling** Red **Brown** Orozco Black Hugo Blue Gogh

Justin Case Gogh Dostovevsky Gene Yuss Black **Brown Ernest Endeavor Blond** Blue Cassatt Dostoyevsky Hugo Russ T. Hinge **Blond** Hazel Cassatt Nosmo King **Brown** Hazel Degas Porter Rudy LePay Porter Brown Gray Orozco

	Female			
Auntie Bellum	Blond	Hazel	Cassatt	Porter
Minnie Series	Blond	Blue	Cassatt	Kipling
Molly Coddle	Brown	Blue	Degas	Hugo
Karl Meback	Brown	Brown	Gogh	Hugo
Sybil Servant	Red	Gray	Orozco	Porter
Sharon Sharalike	Red	Hazel	Orozco	Kipling
Lynn Gweeny	Black	Gray	Gogh	Dostoyevsky
Carmen Sandiego	Black	Brown	Degas	Dostovevsky

Advanced Playing Technique for...

Where in time is Carmen Sandiego? **Broderbund**

Requirements:

Lee & Bill Ding

Earl E. Bird

One deprotected copy of game. Sector Editor

A way into the monitor (optional)

While reading issue #77, I noticed MR. WILLS Christmas Wishes and thought I could help. (Well here goes.)

This will work on either the 5.25" or 3.5" versions of the game, and also the GS version as far as I tried.

00/4440:xx - Holds high byte of hours to solve case (monitor). Increase by 1 gets 10 hours.

00/4441:xx - Holds low byte of hours to solve case (monitor). Increase by 1 gets 1 hour.

00/56F8:CE 41 44 to EA EA EA - No time deducted from the 1's column.(Low byte)

00/5702:CE 40 44 to EA EA EA - No time deducted from the 10's column.(High byte)

00/56F5:F6 to 01 - This change can be found by searching for CE CE 44 DO F6 18 60 and changing the F6 to 01. This change will decrease your time by 1 hour no matter what you select to do in the game.

Advanced Playing Technique for...

Where in Europe is Carmen Sandiego?

Broderbund

Requirements:

One deprotected copy (5.25" or 3.5") Sector Editor

Musicals History

Comedy Biography

Scan Bytes

E0 04 90 02 A2 03 Change 04-01 and 03-01. Clues will now cost you 1 hour always. 01 AA 20 BB 6C A9 Change 20 BB 6C to EA EA EA. You now own a pass to travel free.

C9 16 F0 02 18 60 Change 02-00. Your Detective won't go to sleep on the job. A2 01 4C 54 62 E6 Change 54-57. Return to Scene, now

free. A2 01 4C 54 62 A5 Change 54-57. Return to Town, now free.

Change C7-60 20 C7 6C 20 4B C9. Use of Crime computer and Database are now free.

86 6A 20 C7 6C B0 Change 86-60. Travel, Clues, Crime computer and Database use are free. Change B0-80. Travel and clues cost 1 hour each.

The next two changes can be tricky if altered to much.

A5 13 C9 07 F0 06 Change 07 to time Detective awake.

C9 16 F0 02 18 60 Change 16 to time Detective goes to sleep. (07=7AM and 16=10PM)

Advanced Playing Technique for...

Where in the USA is Carmen Sandiego?

Broderbund

Requirements:

One deprotected copy (5.25" or 3.5") **Sector Editor**

Search for: E0 04 90 02 A2 03 Change the 04 to 01 and the 03 to 01. Clues cost 1 hour

Search for: 85 1A A2 03 20 55 Change the 03 to 01. Travel costs 1 hour.

Search for: 85 6A A2 02 20 55

Change the 02 to 01. Crime Computer costs 1 hour.

Search for: C9 1B F0 10 20 27 Change the F0 to 80. Clues are free.

Search for: 86 88 20 C4 6D B0

Change the B0 to 80. All 3 items cost 1

Change the 86 to 60. All 3 items are FREE.

Search for: A5 13 C9 16 F0 02 Change the 02 to 00. Detective won't need sleep.

As I said before be careful with these 4 changes.

Search for: A5 13 C9 16 F0 02 Change the 16 to the time Detective

sleeps. Search for: A5 13 C9 07 F0 06 Change the 07 to the time Detective awakes. (07=7AM and 16=10PM)

Characters from "Where in Europe is Carmen Sandiego?"

Male Characters

Black Brown Sci-Fi **Poetry** Black Hazel Musicals Mystery Comedy Poetry Blond Blue **Blond** Blue Westerns History Biography Brown Gray Sci-Fi Chips Motherboard Westerns History Brown Hazel

Brown

Gray

Female Characters

Red

Red

Kim Chee	Black	Gray	Sci-Fi	Biography
Carmen Sandiego	Black	Brown	Musicals	Biography
June Bug	Blond	Gray	Comedy	History
Kitty Litter	Blond	Hazel	Comedy	History
Patty Melt	Brown	Blue	Westerns	Mystery
Luce Leaf	Brown	Brown	Musicals	Poetry
Clare D'Loon	Red	Hazel	Sci-Fi	Mystery
Lotta Style	Red	Blue	Westerns	Poetry

Characters from "Where in the USA is Carmen Sandiego?" **Male Characters** Alexsander Graham Edison Southern Basketball Brown Auto repair Opera Seafood Basketball Spelunking Classical Ken Hartley Reed Brown Gambling Benjamin Hana Black Creole Hockey Country Karl La Fong Tex-Mex Football Fortune Rock Black Mylar Naugahyde Blond Southern Baseball Gambling Opera Sheriff Paul Drive Baseball Country **Blond** Creole Auto repair Sven Galli Red Tex-Mex Hockey Fortune Rock Titus Canby Red Seafood Football Spelunking Classical **Female Characters** B.B.D O'Brien Seafood Baseball Spelunking Classical Brown Seafood Baseball Fortune Opera Polly Esther Fabrique Brown Tex-Mex Rock Gypsy Rose Lasagna Black Basketball Fortune Carmen Sandiego Gambling Classical Black Tex-Mex Basketball Heidi Gosikh Country Blond Southern Hockey Auto repair Venus H. Pencil Blond Southern Hockey Auto repair Opera Brenda & Cobina Vanderbelt Football Country Red Creole Spelunking Rock Wendy Pauper Red Creole Football Gambling

Search for: 00 A9 33 20 6A 87

Change the 33 to 30

Search for: A5 5B 69 03 85 AC Change the 03 to 01.

These two changes makes catching the criminal as short as possible. Location for catching crooks increments by one for each promotion received.

Advanced Playing Technique for...

Where in the World is Carmen Sandiego?

Broderbund

Requirements:

One deprotected copy (3.5") Sector Editor

Scan Bytes

E0 04 90 02 A2 03 Change 04-01, 03-01. Clues cost 1 hour.

6A A2 02 20 80 6C Change 02-01. Interpol cost 1 hour.

01 AA 20 80 6C A9 Change 20 80 6C to EA EA EA. Travel FREE.

C9 16 F0 02 18 60 Change 02-00.

Detective won't need sleep.

86 88 20 65 6D B0 Change B0-80. All items cost 1 hour. Change 86-60. All items are FREE.

A5 13 C9 16 F0 02 Time Detective goes to sleep (16=10PM).

A5 13 C9 07 F0 06 Time Detective awake (07=7AM).

②I have two programs that, without help, will never run on my IIgs. The programs are:

(1) Word Handler by Silicon Valley
Systems, Inc. I have boot code traced
this program to the third load, at which
time it will crash to a screen full of 2's.
It's a jump from page 3 to page 1 that
seems to be the cause of the crash, but
bypassing the jump also causes a crash.
Because I have a IIgs, I didn't buy all of
the Computist back issues, but I do have
about 50 issues and none of the issues

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have an article on this program. I did find a article on Lancaster by the same company but it was of no help in soft-keying this program for my computer. If I am wasting my time on this effort someone PLEASE let know.

(2) Earth Orbit Station by Electronic Arts. I know the program is softkeyed because I have played the game on a II+, Now I have issue #52 which shows examples of programs changed to run on IIe and IIc. I think I tried every one of those changes to this program to try and get it to work on my computer with no luck. I ask again am I wasting time or what. These programs (originals) were given to me and I know that they are old but I'd like to get them to run on my IIgs. Can anyone help?

Gary Wills	Canada
	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2 IS NOT THE PERSON NA

Softkey for...

Stickybear Shapes (ProDOS 1.5)

Optimum Resource

Requirements: Apple II

Original Stickybear disk Blank 5.25" disk Ouick Copy which ignores error

Quick Copy which ignores errors Sector Editor (Copy II+)

This Softkey is an extension of those by Gary Verbuck (Computist #61) & Jim Ross (Computist #70, Page 18).

Copy Stickybear, ignoring the error on track \$07, sector \$0F. Search the disk for D0 03 4C 00 00 which is a BNE (Branch Not Equal) to a hang address. Change the D0 to 80 (Branch always). On my disk it is at track \$05, sector \$00, byte \$2C.

<u>Trk Sct Byte From To</u> \$05 \$00 \$2C D0 80 Edward L Eastman

ard L Eastman

Catalog patch for the Color Print Shop

Requirements:

Color Print Shop (a backup) Sector editor

I recently found a newer version of The Print Shop and it seems to be better designed than the older version which I use. This version allows color printing as well as saving completed designs. Another new feature is the Preview option which lets you see what it will look like before printing. I must admit this is a definite improvement considering how much paper I have wasted trying to get the words positioned just right. One last feature worth noting is that you can select a graphic from a data disk much easier now using a highlight bar. No more misspelled file names. What a good update to an A+ program.

All my graphics are on special disks with four extra catalog sectors. This allows me to store 131 graphics per disk. The only drawback is that the old catalog routine is still there. (See Klaus Iden's article in #57.) Because of the new menu type catalog, PS doesn't recognize the extra catalog sectors. Therefore the graphics 'stored' there are inaccessible without Klaus's patch.

Jumping right in, I found that they moved things around only slightly. The information in #57 is still valid except the catalog routine now starts at 7F70 instead of 8032 and the IOB starts at 814F instead of 811E. The edits are also in different spots on the disk. Over all, only seven byes referencing the IOB must be changed from the modified patch in #62.

Here are the new edits:

00 05 4C 00 C6 A9 20 2F FB 20 58 FC A0 00 11 8D 53 81 98 99 00 08 A9 00 8D 54 C8 D0 FA EE 81 A9 81 A0 8B 02 AD 8B 4F 20 D9 03 02 C9 C0 90 B0 0C AD 01 EF 8D F3 03 82 8D 53 81 8D F4 03 6C AD 02 82 8D FC FF 00 548160 07 7F 8D 54 81 20 83 02 06 58 CE 5481 20 96 02

From

To

CPR Agent Canada

Softkey for...

NE

Trk Sct Byte

Chemistry: The Periodic Table Chemistry: Balancing Equations Probability Lab

Patterns
Estimation: Quick Solve I
Estimation: Quick Solve II
Picture Chompers
Fossil Hunter
Five-Star Forecast
Grammar Toy Shop
Backyard Birds
Murphy's Minerals
Time Navigator
Instant Survey
Sun and Seasons
Equation Math

All of the above MECC programs (and I presume all other MECC ProDOS programs) are deprotected in the same way. The credit for this procedure goes to Mr. John Jackson who originally wrote up the "crack" in COMPUTIST #72. I simply want to congratulate this gentleman and add to his list. I found that this procedure worked for all our MECC ProDOS programs from 1988 to 1990.

MECC

- 1. First copy the program using COPYA and ignore data epilogue bytes (POKE 47426,24 from BASIC or B925:18 60 from the monitor).
- 2. Replace the ProDOS file on your newly created copy with a different ProDOS (the one on your Copy II Plus program works great)
- 3. Go to the DISK MAP function of your opening menu of Copy II Plus (or a similar facility from another program) and locate where the file MECC.SYSTEM is located on the disk.
- 4. Scan through the MECC.SYSTEM file for the sequence of bytes 90 03 4C??? 60. It is very important that you locate this precise sequence as you will find several other sequences that begin with 90 03 4C. I found the sequence only once on each of the disks that I worked with.
- 5. Edit the 90 03 4C ?? ?? 60 to read 18 EA EA EA EA 60.

That's it! Your disk is now deprotected.

To help out, here are the precise locations and byte sequences that were on my disks:

Chemistry: The Periodic Table

Irk	Sct	Byte	From	To
	\$0B	\$04	90 03 4C 9E	18 EA EA EA
			85 60	EA 60

Chemistry: Balancing Equations

_	Sct \$0D	From 90 03 4C 62 7C 60	<u>To</u> 18 EA EA EA FA 60
		70 00	LAW

		Male Chara	atoma		
			acters		
Len Bulk	Mountain Climbing	Red Hair	Tattoo	Convertible	Seafood
Nick Brunch	Mountain Climbing	Black Hair	Ring	Motorcycle	Mexican
Ihor Ihorovitch	Croquet	Blond Hair	Tattoo	Limousine	Seafood
Scar Graynolt	Croquet	Red Hair	Ring	Limousine	Mexican
Fast Eddie B	Croquet	Black Hair	Jewelry	Convertible	Mexican
		Female Char	racters		
Katherine Drib	Mountain Climbing	Brown	Tattoo	Motorcycle	Seafood
Merey Laroc	Mountain Climbing	Brown Hair	Jewelry	Limousine	Mexican
Carmen Sandiego	Tennis	Brown Hair	Jewelry	Convertible	Mexican
Lady Agatha	Tennis	Red Hair	Ring	Convertible	Mexican
Dazzle Annie	Tennis	Blond Hair	Tattoo	Limousine	Seafood

Probability Lab

	Byte \$8D		To 18 EA EA EA
		84 60	EA 60

Patterns

Irk	Sct	Byte	From	To
		\$F6	90 03 4C 29	18 EA EA EA
			86 60	FA 60

Estimation I

Trk	Sct	Byte	From	To
\$05	\$09	\$89	90 03 4C 5C	18 EA EA EA
			90 60	EA 60

Estimation II

<u>Trk</u>	Sct	Byte	From	To
\$05	\$09	\$89	90 03 4C 66	18 EA EA EA
			8B 60	EA 60

Picture Chompers

Trk	Sct	Byte	From	To
\$14	\$0B	\$62	90 03 4C 5F	18 EA EA EA
			84 60	EA 60

Fossil Hunter

Trk	Sct	Byte	From	<u>To</u> ,
\$1B	\$0D	\$89	90 03 4C C9	18 EA EA EA
			83.60	FARO

Five-Star Forecast

Trk	Sct	Byte	From	To
\$01	\$09	\$8D	90 03 4C D3	18 EA EA EA
			81 60	EA 60

Grammar Toy Shop

<u>Trk</u>	Sct	Byte	From	To
\$17	\$0B	\$8D	90 03 4C CB	18 EA EA EA
			8D 60	EA 60

Backyard Birds

<u>Trk</u>	Sct	Byte	From	To
\$05	\$09	\$26	90 03 4C 97	18 EA EA EA
			93.60	FARO

Murphy's Minerals

Trk	Sct	Byte	From	To
\$05	\$09	\$A6	90 03 4C 09	18 EA EA EA
			90 60	EA 60

Time Navigator

<u>Trk</u>	Sct	Byte	From	To
\$05	\$09	\$8D	90 03 4C 51	18 EA EA EA
			75 60	EA 60

Instant Survey

<u>Trk</u>	Sct	Byte	From	To
\$05	\$09	\$4C	90 03 4C 85	18 EA EA EA
			19 60	EA 60

Sun and Seasons

Trk	Sct	Byte	From	To
\$05	\$09	\$66	90 03 4C DF	18 EA EA EA
			89 60	EA 60

Equation Math

Trk	Sct	Byte	From	To
\$07	\$02	\$D3	90 03 4C 68	18 EA EA EA
			89 60	EA 60

Please note that the file to search for in this program is EQUAT.SYSTEM rather than MECC.SYSTEM

Customizing MECC's 1990 Programs

If you enjoy dabbling in BASIC and if you are one of those "crazy" types who loves to customize programs to reflect local place names, student names, school names, etc., here is a disclosure that will help turn those MECC disks into something more than even MECC could arrange.

On the new MECC ProDOS releases (especially the new 1990 programs) you will notice when you catalogue the DE-PROTECTED disk (the alteration of one of the data epilogue bytes makes it impossible to catalogue a protected disk)

that several of the files come up as \$F1 types in the catalogue. The \$F1 simply means that the file is a "User Defined" file - one that the company creating the disk is permitted to define themselves. In this case MECC has chosen to list their BASIC files in the catalogue as "User Defined" files rather than the customary BAS label. The advantage to calling it an \$F1 file is that it prevents probing eyes from getting a good look at the contents of the file and it prevents amateur programmers from getting free programming lessons from MECC. ProDOS will not load nor list an \$F1 file.

To change this minor inconvenience, jot down the names of the \$F1 files from the program catalogue. Then use your Copy II Plus sector editor (or similar utility from any of the several excellent programs available) to call up the Pro-DOS catalogue beginning on Track \$00 Sector \$0B. Scan through the catalogue until you find the names of the files you jotted down. Then search carefully through the hex values following the actual file name (there are usually several sets of 00's - depending on the length of the file name) until you find the F1 value (it is the first non-zero value following the file name). Edit the F1 value to read FC and write the change back to disk. Complete this same procedure for each of the files that had an original F1

Now when you catalog the disk, you will notice that the files are listed as BAS types. Further, you may now boot your ProDOS and BASIC.SYSTEM, go into BASIC and load and list any of these files! Using a line editor or by simply re-typing the lines you may now modify the routines to print all sorts of interesting extras to the screen. Or you can get some excellent programming tips from simply studying the routines that the "experts" use!

What about the \$F2, \$F3, and \$F4 file types that MECC uses? These are other "User Defined" file types that MECC adopts for their special binary and text files. The chart below gives the correct hex values for each of the ProDOS file types. It is by no means complete and only lists the most common ones. For a more complete list, check any good book that covers Apple ProDOS. And for an outstanding discussion and thorough examination of how ProDOS operates, order "Beneath Apple ProDOS" from Quality Software.

Name Hex Description

	\$1A	Appleworks	Word	Processor
file ADB	\$19	Appleworks	Data E	Base file

ADB \$19 Appleworks Data Base file
ASP \$1B Appleworks Spreadsheet file
BAS \$FC BASIC program file

BIN \$06 binary file TXT \$04 text file

TXT \$04 text file
DIR \$0F directory file

SYS \$FF ProDOS system file \$F1-F8\$F1-\$F8 User Defined files

*You can add others to this list by examining ProDOS catalogues from any number of products on the market.

David Goforth

Softkey for...

Micro Typewriter v4.0 (3.5" ProDOS disk)

S.E. Warner

1. Copy disk with any whole disk copier.

2. Sector edit

Blk	Byte	From	To	
6A	115	5D	4A	
6A	130	DA 4C 06	06 E9 0B	
1E8	115	15	02	
1E8	130	92 04 4E	4E A1 43	

CopyIIplus Parm for Micro Typewriter

SECTOR	COPY		
SECTOR	EDIT,	BLOCK	06A,
115:4A,	130:	06/E9/C	B
SECTOR	EDIT,	BLOCK	1E8,
115:02,	130:	4E/A1/4	13

Using Prosel's Info.Desk, we can view the blocks by filename to see where the files are located on the disk. First we note that ProDOS is not contiguous, if we use Prosel's Mr.Fixit it will show blocks 12-23 as being marked used but not part of any program. This usually means some sort of signature check or nibble count is being done from these.

inoble count is being done from these.				
Directory: /MT/				
Blk range	Pathname			
7.11	PRODOS			
24.50	PRODOS			
51.63	RT.AUX.OBJ0			
64.77	RT.AUX.OBJ1			
78.88	RT.MAIN.OBJ1			
89.108	MT.SYSTEM (Block \$69 sets			
	/MT EOR'd with 4A) (Block			
	\$6A contains copy protection)			
109.160	M			
161 .180	MICRO			
181 . 183	E			
184 .234	A			
235 .245	F2.6			
246 .265	IA (has /MT @ block \$F8)			
266 .273	F2.01			
274 .320	IC			
321 .343				
344 .353				
354 .405				
406 .408	F			
409 .411	C			
412.412	RAMDISK (NO.NO if not			
	used)			
413 .421	F2.02			
422 . 429	F2.03			
430 .433	F2.06			
434 .436	COUNTER			
437 .447	F2.09			
448 .450	F2.07			
451 .457	F2.04			
458 .460	F2.08			
461 .470	F2.1			
471 .490	INSTALL.SYSTEM (uses			
	"PRINTER" to establish			
	pathnames) (Block \$1E8			
	contains copy protection)			
491 .501	F2.2			
502.512	F2.5			
513.522	F2.05			
523 .530	F2.3			
531 .537	F2.4			
538 . 545	F2.9			
546 . 546	PRINTER (holds variables for			

547 .555 F2.8
556 .589 S

Blocks free: 1010
Blocks used: 590
Blocks in dir: 571
Total blocks: 1600
Number of standard files: 38

Number of subdirectories: 0

pathnames & printer)

Micro Typewriter's protection on the disk is not what appears in memory, the bytes are Exclusive OR'ed (EOR) with \$4A when loaded into memory. You can verify this by using a sector editor and reading block \$6A or \$1E8 and then entering the monitor and listing the code starting at \$4100. This is the actual protection being used starting at \$4130.

The following is what is in memory

LDY #10 4100: A0 10 4102: 8C F4 03 STY 03F4 alter Reset vector 4105: AD FF C5 LDA C5FF 4108: 18 CLC 4109: 69 03 ADC #03 410B: 8D 36 41 STA 4136 Change from 0A to 0D for JMP 410E: AD 30 BF LDA BF30 AND #80 4111: 29 80 4113: 0A ASL BCC 412D (+17) Skip needed 4114: 90 17 code if failed 4116: A9 02 LDA #02 Store this to the following 4118: 8D F6 41 STA 41F6 locations if everything is 411B: 8D FD 41 STA 41FD good so far... 411E: 8D 04 42 STA 4204 4121: 8D 0F 42 STA 420F 4124: 8D 17 42 STA 4217 4127: 8D 1C 42 STA 421C 412A: 8D 28 42 STA 4228 412D: 20 1F FE JSR FE1F Get computer ID 4130: 90 06 BCC 4138 (+06) Failed protection 4132: 4C 50 41 JMP 4150 4135: 4C 0A C5 JMP C50A Changed to C50D by 410B above) 2nd check 4138: 20 35 41 JSR 4135 413B: 00 27 BRK 27 these do 413D: 42 AD WDM AD nothing. EOR (42,X) DO THIS! 413F: 41 42 EOR #01 4141: 49 01 DO THIS! 4143: D0 08 BNE 414D (+08) Failed protection 4145: 0D 42 42 ORA 4242 DO THIS! BEQ 4150 (+06) Failed 4148: F0 06 414A: 4C A3 41 JMP 41A3 Passed continue loading 414D: 4C 4D 41 JMP 414D Stop here forever... 4150: 20 35 41 JSR 4135 Failed, get ready to lock up 4153: 04 0E TSB 0E by changing code starting at \$0200 4155: 42 B0 WDM B0

which appears nowhere on the disk (un-

less each byte is EOR'ed with \$4A).

41A3: A9 44 LDA #44 Jump here to bypass protection & continue

41A5: 8D 0C 42 STA 420C

41A0: 4C 00 02 JMP 0200

INC 07

LDA 07

CMP #C0

BNE 4193 (-0D)

Lock up system

4198: E6 07

419A: A5 07

419C: C9 C0

419E: D0 F3

..... continues

How to Exclusive OR (EOR) values

First you'll need the binary values preferably broken up in two 4-bit bytes (0010 1100 -vs- 00101100) to reduce chance of human (eye boggling) errors.

What is binary? Binary is a two digit counting system using just 0's & 1's. Just as with normal (decimal) counting, when you've reached the highest digit, you carry to the left.

Example: 0101 = 5 (the rightmost position is the one's column, moving left 1 place is the 2's column, and next to that is the 4's column, and the leftmost position is the 8's column.)

Using these four bits, we can count from zero (0000) to 15 (1111). Most utilities automatically convert this to Hex to prevent the programmer from become a walking computer (vegetable).

What is Hex? Hex is a counting system capable of counting from 0-15 using a single digit before carrying to the next position. This is done by using letters A thru F in place of 10 thru 15. Using this method we can count from 0-65535 (\$0000-\$FFFF) using only four

WA

digits. The dollar sign (\$ sometimes referred to as string) tells us that this is a hex number.

Example: \$100A = 4106 (the rightmost position is the one's column. moving left 1 place is the 16's column, and next to that is the 256's column, and the leftmost position is the 4096's column.)

Now for the Exclusive OR (EOR) function. As shown below, like (same) bits become a 0 (no carry for 1's), unlike bits become a 1.

> Hex Binary \$4A 0100 1010 \$2F 0010 1111 \$65 0110 0101

Softkey for...

Balance of Power

This patch is for the 1990 Edition of Balance of Power for the IIgs. I got tired of looking for my papers in the game, so I made a patch to bypass it. kind of like Carte Blanche. This patch will make anything you type in acceptable. I just hit return to save time.

From ProDOS and BASIC

1. Set the Prefix.

BLOAD BOPII.SYS16, T\$B3, A768, B\$297C4, L1

2. First check to make sure this patch will work. The following should print "240", if not DO NOT CONTINUE, something is wrong!

PRINT PEEK(768)

3. Change "BOPII.SYS16" to your filename.

POKE 768,128

BSAVE BOPII.SYS16, T\$B3, A768, B\$297C4, L1

You're finished.

From ProDOS using a Block Editor

- 1. Set your block editor to follow the main program then search for the hex pattern A5 E1 C5 F9 F0 06 1A 85 E1. It should be found in relative Block 332 at byte \$297C4
- 2. Change the F0 to 80 and write the block back to the disk.

You're finished. Hope you enjoy this and it saves you some time hunting for your papers.



RDEX Submissions

User #12

Softkey for...

Professor Al's Sequencing Lab Micrograms Publishing

Professor Al's Sequencing Lab is a two disk set. Disk A uses pictures for sequencing and Disk B uses stories for sequencing. Professor Al's Sequencing is a ProDOS type disk, but there is no file ProDOS on it. The SYS file BAD3.4 cannot be run from a program selector. It must be booted to run properly.

The protection was found in the file BAD3.4. For DISK A the protection was found on block \$A (10) byte \$36. For DISK B the protection was found on block \$A (10) byte \$6E. This is the code I found:

AD EC CO LDA \$C0EC 10 FB BPL \$1036 C9 BE CMP #\$BE D0 E5 **BNE \$1024** 18 CLC **RTS**

There are several ways to eliminate the copy protection.

AD EC C0 LDA \$C0EC <-change to 18 60 EA 10 FB BPL \$1036 Either of these patches CMP #\$BE C9 BE D0 E5 BNE \$1024 <-change to EA EA 18 CLC RTS 60

Step-by-step

- 1. Use any whole disk copier to copy the disk. There should be no errors when
- 2. Search for the byte sequence AD EC C0 10 FB C9 BE D0 E5 18 60.
- 3. Change the ADEC C0 to 18 60 EA or change the D0 E5 to EA EA. Both patches accomplish the same thing.
- 4. Write the changes back to the disk.

User #6

② I was just wondering if anyone has ever figured out how to deprotect AIR-HEART yet. Several months ago I finally was able to make a working bit-copy of it, but can't get any further than that. For the "heck'ov'it" I tried making the bit-copy again in order to have it on a different disk, and couldn't even manage to do that. Sun spots I guess.

② A few posts back, there was reference to Test Drive. While there have been cracks in previous issues, they have been for the IIgs version. I've yet to find one for the IIe/c. I too would be grateful for any help out there....

User #19

The last several files I've downloaded from BBS's come out with a "Corrupted data err. \$81" when unshrunk. I'm still waiting for my RAM chips to arrive so I'm not able to use GSHK. The possible culprit?

User #21

Thelp, I am new to the modem world. Every time I download (DL) a program on our local board the program ends up being a TXT file. I am using DataTerm and an AE DataLink 2400 internal modem. I have been using XMODEM, YMODEM & XMODEM CRC. The only time I didn't get a TXT file was with a direct DL from another Apple using ProDOS Protocol. Is there a program that will transform these programs into normal files that can be run or am I doing something wrong? Any help would be greatly appreciated.

User #7

To User #21: The local boards you're attempting to download from, are they Apple boards? If so, and if you're running a IIgs, a quick temp-fix would be to get File Manager NDA, which allows you not only to change the file types, but darn near everything about a file, as well as being able to copy, etc, from an NDA.

If they're not Apple boards, try downloading a graphic (preferably an unzipped GIF file, and see if you get a GIF file on your end.

User #27

To User #21: Well, Jim, seems I had the same problems when I started not more than a month ago. Luckily a Sysop decided to connect and chat, he walked me through what I needed to know. So far everything I have ever downloaded has come across as a text file. That's OK, usually the stuff is packed with one of the many packing programs. These programs take multiple files or a whole disk and crunches them down into one easy manageable file to be up/down loaded. A common packer/unpacker for Apple]['s is ShrinkIt. What you probably need to do is unpack whatever you've down loaded. If it's an Apple board most likely it's with ShrinkIt. If it's IBM (gasp!), it's something else and Apples can't use it (except in certain cases, i.e. PC Transporter).

You can however, use GIF files, these files are pictures and there are GIF converters out there. I have one that I can upload if there is a demand for it. (I call long dist. so if need is great I'll do it). If you have a GS there is a program that will convert not only GIF files, but do Macs, Atari ST, and Amiga graphics. It's called SHR Convert and is Share-

However, if you've downloaded a file that is not packed, but a runable file that needs to be sys filetype you'll need a program that will change it. COM-PUTIST has one called FIX.FILE-TYPES on the GS files section, otherwise I can upload an Apple][version written by a local programmer.

Well, hope I was not confusing (sure was long winded tho, whew!) and some of this will help you. Anyone else can correct me if I'm wrong, I'm new to this just like you are. So, don't feel alone, we all learn together, that's what's so fun about it using modems.

User #45

T need some help on the version Serpent's Star by Ultrasoft that is not notched at all and the old crack in COM-PUTIST doesn't work.

Note: I think the disk is in Apple Pascal from what I can see.

② I also need help with Test Drive by Accolade and I know that COMPUT-IST has published the crack for Dinosaur Days by Pelican Software Inc but I still cannot crack the turkey at all. I must be doing something wrong. If anyone can come up with an easier way to crack the ****er please let me know. Well that's it for now.

Static Vengeance

Softkey for...

The Duel: Test Drive II

Ok, first to remove the copy protection:

Blk Byte From \$19B-19E 22 E3 C4 03 AF E3 C4 03 135 \$1F3-1F6 22 E3 C4 03 AF E3 C4 03 \$191 \$1D8-1DB 22 E3 C4 03 AF E3 C4 03 175 \$199 \$125-128 F0 16 F4 01 80 16 F4 01 183

"Rel blk" is the relative block number within the file TD2. SYS16 for those of you who have a "File Follow" command on your block editor. You only need to change the first byte in each sequence. The edit on block \$199 disables the routine that makes sure the master ID bytes match the gameplay disk's ID bytes.

User #24

They Vince! I typed in your ON-LINE and CWD this weekend and all work well but your code changes between the two in the start sequence after LDA #>end SBC #>CMDCODE. I'm not sure which is right but I changed both to like CWD is done and everything seems to work ok. Could you clarify?

User #2

To User #24: Guess what, yes the code is slightly different but it still does the same thing.

START ...

SEC

LDA #>END

SBC #>CMDCODE

INC

STA PAGES

LDA PAGES <- This is not required since.

Accumulator = PAGES

JSR GETBUFR

The above code does the same thing as the following:

START

SEC LDA #>END

SBC #>CMDCODE

STA PAGES

INC PAGES

LDA PAGES <- This is a must to capture the new values of PAGES

JSR GETBUFR

The above code has more routines (steps to perform) so it is a little slower but it should show no difference when running because machine code is executed so fast, you would never notice it.

I would prefer using the first routine (minus the LDA PAGES) because it is smaller and less to type.

I am glad you pointed this out because it does need some cleaning up. Have fun with the programs and perhaps you can combine the two into one program.

IBM RDEX

CPR Agent

Canada

Reader Review for...

CopyWrite Quaid Software

Here is a program well worth the \$55-75 (\$55 from most mail order outlets and \$75 from Quaid) investment. It is very similar to the Apple version of Copy II Plus except this one has routines built into the program that actually remove the copy protection as it copies. Personally, I was very skeptical of this claim the first time I came across it. However, after purchasing and using it for several weeks, I'm frankly astonished at its power and versatility.

With the disk comes a long list of programs that it deprotects, or otherwise disables the protection scheme(s). Virtually every program that uses Prolok, Everlock, and SoftGuard are dead meat!

Hundreds of others that use manual checks are modified so quickly and easily, it is difficult to believe that it has actually happened.

The disk contains several routines one called UnGuard that handles most of the programs that have physical disk protection schemes (Softguard and Prolok), one called Rescue that works on the manual check (i.e. programs that have "look-it-up-in-the-manual") protection schemes, one called NoKey that takes care of programs that require the "key disk" to be in the drive for the program to proceed, one called Zero-Disk that handles programs that load entirely into memory from boot, and finally one called CopyWrite that creates a very impressive "bit copy" of the original. So, in essence, if the first routines fail to remove the protection scheme from the disk, Copywrite can always bit copy the disk and provide you with a very good back-up.

Quaid Software has an excellent product and has fought successful legal battles to continue to provide this product. The very idea of this program is ambitious to say the least; the actual programming, ingenious. It is no wonder that software marketing companies do their best to prevent the circulation of this package.

Copywrite itself is not copy protected, however, it does leave a "brand" on the disks that it processes. Many bulletin boards have schemes and explanations for removing this ID.

The manual that accompanies this software is just the opposite of the program in quality. I was very disappointed with the 52 odd pages. The explanation of how to operate the program is adequate - even good. But I was looking for something like the manual that accompanied my Apple version of Copy II Plus - thorough explanations and indepth tutorials that delve into the intimate details of each of the program routines. I would have settled for a thorough explanation of how the program worked - how it went about its business of searching for specific routines and what it did with them once it found them. Alas, there is virtually nothing beyond the simple procedure of executing the actual program itself. Nevertheless, to the REALLY curious, this is just the carrot that is needed to poke and prod and explore - and learn in true discovery fashion.

For those of you who need those expensive originals backed up and don't care to poke, prod, or search, don't leave this one out of your library. It's definitely the speedy solution to most backup woes.

IBM Softkey for...

Crime Wave

The protection for this program is exactly like many others that have been explained in this IBM section. It's simply a matter of searching for the key words and then zeroing them out.

Search the CW.EXE file for "crime", "scenes", "bonus", or any of the other key words. When you find the list (mine was in Sector 660 Cluster 629), begin with the first letter of the first word and replace the entire list with zeros. Be very careful to start with the first LETTER and end with the last LETTER of the last word. Write the changes back to disk and you're done. When the program

asks for one of the key words, just press ENTER and away you go into one of the best arcade-style games with some of the best digitized graphics on the market.

Marc Batchelor FL

IBM Softkey for...

Stunt Driver Spectrum HoloByte

The protection

Stunt Driver (Stunt) is a rather thrilling program to play. The player assumes the perspective of a driver behind the wheel of a race car, racing at blinding speeds around one of 5 standard courses. Additionally, the capability to design your own race courses is built in (for the sadists among us). The manual protection (commonly called Pirate Protection) employed is a unique (and difficult) lookup process that has the user determine which of 50 different race track components are located on Course n, at x,y.

Locating it

The main program (STUNT.EXE) is approximately 140Kbytes large, and was therefore too large for Turbo Debugger to bring in and trace (and I have 4 meg of Ram!). Anyway, I was forced to revert to my old DEBUG tricks to crack this one. Consequently, the crack took much longer than anticipated. To trace the program to the protection, (assuming the 9-25-90 @ 4:03pm version) you would use the following DEBUG steps: **DEBUG STUNT.EXE**

G CS:2A

G CS:155

Following the above steps, you would notice that the next command will be a CALL XXXX:0F44. This is NOT the call to the protection, but rather, the XXXX is the segment within which the protection resides. Tracing the code further reveals a CALL XXXX:9786. This IS the call to the protection. Attempting to NOP out this call resulted in a crash (of course). Tracing XXXX:9786 revealed several CALLS all over the place, and finally revealed the following excerpt (at 6547:9978):

9978 F6E1 MUL CL
997A 03065F65 ADD AX,[655F]
997E A3A87B MOV [7BA8],AX Move AX to flag
9981 3B064865 CMP AX,[6548] Comp AX to expected
9985 7406 JZ 998D If Equal, jump
9987 9AE3994765 CALL 6547:99E3 If not, well...
998C CB RETF
998D C606F464FF MOV BYTE PTR [64F4],FF

Executing the code with break-points at 9987 and 998D revealed the 998D is branched to when a correct answer is given and 9987 is executed when the answer is incorrect. With this knowledge, I re-wrote the routine (at 6547:9978) as follows:

9978 F6E1 MUL CL 997A 03065F65 ADD AX,[655F] 997E A14865 MOV AX,[6548] Move Expected to AX MOV [7BA8],AX Move AX to 9981 A3A87B flag 9984 EB07 JMP 998D Always jump 9986 90 NOP No Operation Here 9987 9AE3994765 CALL 6547:99E3 998C CB RETF

998D C606F464FF MOV BYTE PTR [64F4],FF

What the re-write does is move the expected answer to AX, and then moves AX to the "pass flag" memory location. It then jumps to the "check passed" routine at 998D.

Finding the Protection on disk

If I thought that locating the above routine was difficult enough using DE-BUG, boy was I in for a surprise when it came to finding it in the file. My normal mode of operations is to search the file for a couple of bytes preceding the bytes to change as well as the actual bytes themselves. I would normally rename the ".EXE" file to a ".TMP" file and perform the following search:

S CS:0 FFFF 03 96 5F 65 A3 A8 7B 3B 06 48 65 74 09 C6

This usually ensures that I locate the ONLY occurrence of the bytes I'm looking for. Noting the size of the file, I also knew that I would have to search the two segments succeeding the code segment (CS). But the bytes failed to materialize after searching ALL THREE SEG-MENTS. Now I really began to sweat! My only alternative (so I thought) was to "get down and dirty" in the code and find out the decryption mechanism. Retracing the code revealed a "handy" routine that extends from CS:0049 to CS:00F4. This routine executes a total of 9 times and unscrambles the segment (byte for byte) within which the protection (and other routines) reside. I must admit however that the encryption/decryption is the strangest I've ever encountered in protection. I essentially grabs a couple of bytes from here and a few bytes from there and places them in their appropriate resting place. Luckily, the little piece of code that I was trying to change was located in one chunk. If I had only searched for the code I needed to change, I would have been fine.

The wrap-up

After making the above mentioned patches to the code, I was still bothered by the fact that the "Course Quiz" screen still appears, and that the user must press enter to proceed. I than decided to attempt a "complete" crack by preventing the "Course Quiz" screen from appearing at all and/or just blowing by the screen all together without waiting for a key-press from the user. In attempting to reach this goal, I found the code (in the XXXX segment again) that checks the mouse (INT 33) and also checks the keyboard (INT 16). I was able to patch the code by loading the AX register with the scan code and hex value for a return (1C0D). The code would then proceed along its way without pausing for a keypress. However, locating this code in the mess described above proved fruitless. However, for the benefit of those with a little more time, the following is the excerpt from the code at 6547:9876.

9876 B80300	MOV	AX,0003 Function 3 -
		INT 33
9879 CD33	INT	33 Read Mouse
		Position
987B F7C30300	TEST	BX,0003 Check Button
		Status
987F 751D	JNZ	989E
9881 9A5E020073	CALL	7300:025E Read
		Keyboard
9886 80FCFF	CMP	AX,FF AX=FF if no key
9889 74E4	JZ	986F Loop 'til any key
	.1	OOFGEE. DOOD

By changing the 80 FC FF to a B8 0D 1C (as if the user press ENTER), and then executing the code resulted in the

blowing right passed the protection without pausing for a key. Unfortunately, I was unable to find the above mentioned code anywhere within the file.

Step-by-step

1. Rename the main executable file to a temporary file.

REN STUNT.EXE STUNT.TMP

2. Start up DEBUG. DEBUG STUNT.TMP

- 3. Find out what segment you are in. R
- 4. The code segment (CS) is the number you are looking for. Add 1000 (hex) to the value in CS to obtain 'XXXX' for step 5.

ie. Assume that the following is a screen that you received when you typed 'R':

AX=1501 BX=0000 CX=0004

DX=7601 SP=07D0 BP=0000

SI=17EC DI=07D0

DS=17BB ES=17BB SS=17BB CS=17BB IP=0100 NV UP EI PL ZR NA PE NC

We see that CS=17BB. Adding 1000 (hex) to CS, we obtain 27BB which will be used as 'XXXX' in step 5.

5. Using 'XXXX' obtained in step 4, perform the following search:

S XXXX:0 FFFF A3 A8 7B 3B 06 48 65 74 06

6. DEBUG will respond with: XXXX: YYYY

Use XXXX:YYYY in step 7.

7. Edit the location provided by DE-BUG as follows:

EXXXX:YYYY A1 48 65 A3 A8 7B EB 07 90

8. Write the changes back out

W

9. Quit DEBUG

Q

10. Rename the file. REN STUNT.TMP STUNT.EXE

This concludes the softkey for Stunt Driver. When the protection screen comes up, just press ENTER (or the left mouse button). The screen will clear, and you will be in the game.

IBM Softkey for...

Gauntlet II Mindscape

Introduction

Gauntlet II (G2) is pretty loyal to the original video game version, allowing you to play Warrior, Valkyrie, Wizard or Elf in any combination desired (I.E. 2 Warriors, a Valkyrie and a Wizard, Etc). Since it uses Real-Sound, it also sounds much like the arcade version. The protection however was so primitive that I spent a whole 13 minutes locating and cracking and 45 minutes testing and verifying the crack.

The Protection

G2's protection is a typical manual look-up routine (Pirate Protection) a-la go to page thus-and-such, paragraph x, word y and type in the word. The programmers who slapped this one together however were either lazy or in a hurry as there was no attempt to hide, coverup or obfuscate the code. It was almost screaming "Here I am... Unlock me!". The following is excerpts from GAUNTLET.EXE.

38B8:0042 XOR AH,AH Zero out AH Register 38B8:0044 INT 10 Set Video Mode to

38B8:0046 CALL A87C:0000 Call Protection

Text

38B8:004B 38B8:004C OR AX,AX 38B8:004E JS 0053 Branch to 53 if ok 38B8:0050 **JMP** 082B Jump to Fail 38B8:0053 MOV AX,49B8 Continue loading program

38B8:082B MOV AX,4C00 Set AH=4C for Prog. Terminate 38B8:082E INT 21 INT 21, Function 4C = Exit

After checking the code at A87C:0000, it simply throws messages onto the screen, waits for input and then checks what was typed against what was expected. If it finds a complete match, AX is decremented from 0000 (to FFFF) and then returns. Upon return, the JS checks for the condition of the sign flag. If the sign flag is set (it is when FFFF is OR'd with FFFF) then the program continues to load. If not (it won't be when 0000 is OR'd with 0000) then the program jumps the the DOS terminate routine (INT 21, function 4C).

The Fix

The fix for this one is simple. Simply change the CALL to a JUMP to 4C (since the ES register must be POP'ed) and change the JS to a JMP. This resolves the check

Note: About this time, you should hear a voice that says: "The Protection is about to die".

38B8:0042	XOR	AH,AH	Zero out AH Register
38B8:0044	INT	10	Set Video Mode to
			Text
38B8:0046	JMP	004B	Avoid Protection
38B8:0048	NOP		
38B8:0049	NOP		
38B8:004A	NOP		
38B8:004B	POP	ES	
38B8:004C	OR	AX,AX	
38B8:004E	JMP	0053	Always Branch to ok
38B8:0050	NOP		
38B8:0051	NOP		
38B8:0052	NOP		
38B8:0053	MOV	AX,49B	8 Continue loading
			program

Step By Step:

1. Rename the two program files so that DEBUG can edit them:

REN GAUNTLET.EXE GAUNTLET.TMP
REN GFAST.EXE GFAST.TMP

2. Execute DEBUG DEBUG GAUNTLET.EXE

3. Search for the bytes to change: **S0 FFFF 9A 00 00**

Debug will respond with XXXX:YYYY for use in step 4

Patch this section of code as follows:
 EXXXX:YYYY EB 03 90 90 90 07 0B C0 C0
 EB 03 90 90 90

- 5. Write the changes out to disk. W
- 6. Bring in the next program using the 'N' and 'L' commands of DEBUG N GFAST.TMP
- 7. Search for the bytes to change: **S0 FFFF 9A 00 00**

Debug will respond with XXXX:YYYY for use in step 4

8. Patch this section of code as follows: EXXXX:YYYY EB 03 90 90 90 07 0B C0 C0 EB 03 90 90 90

9. Write the changes out to disk. **w**

10. Quit DEBUG

11. Rename the files to their proper condition.

REN GAUNTLET.TMP GAUNTLET.EXE REN GFAST.TMP GFAST.EXE

That all folks!

IBM Softkey for...

Wing Commander Origin Systems

The Program

Wing Commander (WC) was purchased from a local software store for my birthday. It uses just about everything your machine can give it...Sound Board, VGA, Expanded Memory, etc. If you have a sound board, 6 meg of disk space, VGA and about 2 meg of ram, I highly recommend this game. Although the above are not NECESSARY to play the game, I assure you that you will be much happier with the above configuration. The program places you in the cockpit of various spacecrafts depending upon the mission. The effect of the game upon the senses is awe-some. That is, you truly feel that you are flying this space craft, shooting at the bad guys, avoiding asteroids and mines, escorting other spacecrafts, etc. For the \$60.00 I paid for this game, I have gotten about \$200.00 worth of enjoyment. Written in Turbo-C++, this game is rather monstrous to have around, but the graphics and animation are definitely worth-it.

The Protection

The protection for WC goes beyond the typical "look on page 7, paragraph 4, word 8" manual protections. This protection requires you to:

A) Scan for what it is asking on an entire page of the manual or

B) Scan for what it is asking on one of the 4 supplied a blueprints

It is about the most unfriendly "pirate-protections" I have ever encountered. Unfortunately, locating and disabling the protection was as difficult as it is unfriendly.

The Hunt

My normal routine as of late is to use Turbo-Debugger to execute the program along its path until I find the protection. However, WC requires 640k of RAM to play, and with Turbo-Debugger loaded, I had only 316k (conventional RAM) left. This left me to perform the trace using Debug (ugh!). The reason I deplore using DEBUG is because it cannot handle the transition to graphics. Anyway, this trace has to have been the most grueling imaginable. It was constantly looping back into itself, and finding the actual routine that loaded the

values from disk and displayed them was more than the average challenge.

Disabling It

I was never able to actually locate the area that loads the information from disk. I was however able to locate the region that translates what the user typed as an answer into an encoded mess to compare to the expected values. This routine basically ADDs, SUBtracts, MULtiplies, and DIVides the values entered by the user using different values from several locations. Instead of worrying about what it was doing exactly, I decided that the most prudent thing to do was have the routine grab the expected values and replace whatever I typed with them. The only thing I needed to find were the expected values. As

it turns out, while tracing the aforementioned routine, I dumped memory in the region where it was translating what I typed in, and 14 bytes before my data was the same data (after the translation). Part of the original routine is listed below:

JMP 97FD

57BB:97DA

57BB:97DC INC DI MOV AX,[BP+08] 57BB:97DD 57BB:97E0 MOV DX,0026 57BB:97E3 **IMULDX** 57BB:97E5 MOV DL,[SI] SI = What we entered 57BB:97E7 SUB DL,AL 57BB:97E9 MOV AX, DI 57BB:97EB MOVBX,001E 57BB:97EE **PUSH** DX 57BB:97EF **CWD** 57BB:97F0 **IDIV BX** 57BB:97F2 MOV AX, DX

I only changed the first part of this routine. What the changes do are documented as comments.

57BB:97DA NOP Remove Jump 57BB:97DB NOP 57BB:97DC MOV DL,[SI-14] Load first expected byte 57BB:97DF MOV [SI], DL Replace Our Data 57BB:97E1 INC SI Position for next Byte 57BB:97E2 CMP [SI-14],00 Are we at end of data? 57BB:97E6 JNZ 97DC Nope, Get next byte 57BB:97E8 JMP 9802 Yep, Jump around the rest

Final Comments

This crack as is is really not that acceptable to me. WC still presents a screen to type into, and you still have to at least type in one number (I usually use 1). However, this approach lets the users guide and the blueprints remain in the box. If anyone wants to try to re-crack this program to not bring up the box, contact me through COMPUTIST, and I'll do my best to help you.

Step-by-step

1. Copy the original program file (WC.EXE).

COPY WC.EXE WC.OLD

2. Rename the program so that we can edit it using DEBUG.

REN WC.EXE WC 3. Start up DEBUG. DEBUG WC

- 4. Find out what bank you are in. R
- 5. Write down the value of CS (code segment). I found the code to change in the 4th bank of the program. To add one to the current bank, add 1000 (hex) to the value of the segment address. ie. If you recorded 17BB as the CS register, to examine code in the second bank of the program, look at 27BB:address. I found the code to change in the 57BB bank, but if you are cannot, follow the following steps:
- S XXXX:0 FFFF EB 21 47 8B 46 08 BA 26 00 F7 EA 8A (XXXX=CS)
- S XXXX:0 FFFF EB 21 47 8B 46 08 BA 26 00 F7 EA 8A (XXXX=CS+1000) S XXXX:0 FFFF EB 21 47 8B 46 08 BA 26
- 00 F7 EA 8A (XXXX=CS+2000) S XXXX:0 FFFF EB 21 47 8B 46 08 BA 26 00 F7 EA 8A (XXXX=CS+3000)
- S XXXX:0 FFFF EB 21 47 8B 46 08 BA 26 00 F7 EA 8A (XXXX=CS+4000)
- S XXXX:0 FFFF EB 21 47 8B 46 08 BA 26 00 F7 EA 8A (XXXX=CS+5000)

At least one of these should result in an address (XXXX:YYYY). Write this value down to use in step 6. 6. Once you have the correct segment (XXXX) and address (YYYY), make the following modification:

E XXXX:YYYY 90 90 8A 54 EC 88 14 46 80 7C EC 00 75 F4 EB 18

7. Write out your changes. **W**

8. Exit DEBUG

Q

9. Re-Name the file back. REN WC WC.EXE

That's all.

IBM Softkey for...

Thexder II
Sierra On-Line

The Protection

The protection for this addictive game is another "Page x, Paragraph y, Word z" Pirate Protection. Tracing the code was easier than I first expected since I could use Turbo Debugger. The protection actually lies in GAME.EXE, but GAME.EXE is executed from within SIERRA.EXE. Here is a short excerpt from the call to the protection:

 17BB:03B5
 CALL
 FAR [0508]

 17BB:03B9
 CMP BYTE PTR [059B],FF First time through?

 17BB:03BE
 JZ 3C3
 Nope, Continue

 17BB:03C0
 CALL
 8FE7 Protection

 17BB:03C3
 MOV AL,0F
 Continue

If this section is being executed for the first time, \$059B is set to 00. Upon successful completion of the manual check, \$059B is decremented and execution falls through to \$03C3. The next time the opening screen is encountered, the protection is bypassed since \$059B is now \$FF.

The fix

The fix for this one was to simply change the CoMPare to a MOVe, and absolutely jumping to \$03C3. This satisfies the code that later checks \$059B to ensure the protection was successful. Here is the new excerpt from the code:

17BB:03B5 FF1E0805 CALL FAR [0508] 17BB:03B9 C6069B05FFMOV BYTE PTE [059B],FF Set "ok" flag. 17BB:03BE **EB03** JMP 3C3 Always Jump. 17BB:03C0 E8248C CALL 8FE7 17BB:03C3 **B00FMOV** AL,0F Continue

Step-by-step

- 1. Rename file so DEBUG can edit it. **REN GAME.EXE GAME.TMP**
- Start DEBUG for modifications to program.

DEBUG GAME.TMP

3. Search for the bytes to change. S0 FFFF 80 3E 9B 05 FF 74

DEBUG will respond with XXXX:YYYY which will be used in step 4.

Modify the memory location provided by DEBUG.

E XXXX:YYYY C9 06 9B 05 FF EB

- 5. Write the changes out to disk.
- 6. Quit DEBUG.

Q

7. Rename the file so that SIERRA.EXE can find it.

REN GAME.TMP GAME.EXE

That's all for this one!

L

unClassifieds

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All others	35¢

The minimum order is \$5.

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